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Iraq Index *Tracking Variables of* *Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq*

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TRACKING THE SURGE

MAY 30, 2007- Another month is over, and the basic US and Iraqi military inputs to the surge have now been almost entirely deployed. The picture that emerges from Iraq as summer begins is inherently mixed. Given America's waning patience with the war and the bad circumstances that prevailed in Iraq when the surge began, that conclusion is on balance bad news.

But first the good news, and there is some. Overall levels of violence are down somewhat in Baghdad. Extrajudicial killings--largely the reprisal assassinations carried out against Sunnis by Shia militias--remain at least 50 percent below levels from the winter. Car bombings were down by about one-third in May relative to the 2007 norm to date. Security cooperation among sheiks, their followers, the Iraqi government, and coalition forces against al Qaeda remains impressive in al-Anbar province. A number of extremist militia elements and al Qaeda operatives have been attacked and neutralized in Baghdad and its surroundings, with US and Iraqi forces conducting 6 to 12 raids per day against them. (These attacks, and ensuing reprisals by the militias and terrorists, help explain the rising US death tolls of April and May, which are obviously not good news, but which may offer hope of a somewhat calmer future as dangerous foes are removed from the scene.)

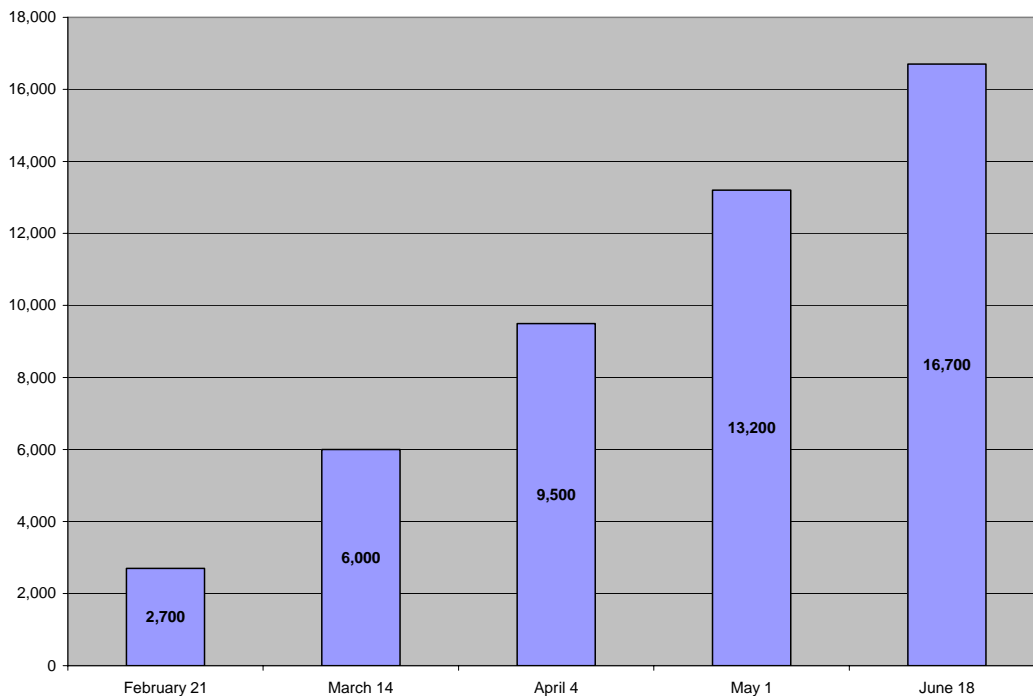
Alas, the bad news still dominates, starting with overall levels of violence. Even if they are down substantially, they remain very high by the standards of other countries suffering from civil conflicts, and even by comparison with the Iraq of 2003/2004. Car bombings remain prevalent enough that the current relative restraint exercised by most Shia militias will be difficult to sustain. There is no evidence that ethnic cleansing has declined significantly from its pre-surge level of roughly 100,000 persons displaced per month. Cities such as Kirkuk and Mosul remain tinderboxes, and have perhaps worsened in recent weeks. The economy remains stagnant and utility performance very mediocre. And perhaps worst of all, the Iraqi political system fails to deliver any real progress on the core issues dividing Sunni from Shia from Kurd.

U.S. TROOPS COMMITTED TO THE SURGE¹

| DATE | ANNOUNCED/APPROVED | DUTY |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| January 2007 | 21,500 | Combat |
| March 1 | 2,400 | Support |
| March 7 | 2,200 | Military Police |
| March 10 | 129 | Provincial Reconstruction |
| March 17 | 2,600 | Combat Aviation |
| TOTAL | 28,829 | |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: The figures given refer to those troops *committed* to the Surge, not necessarily as of yet *deployed*. Deputy Secretary of Defense Gordon England testified March 1, 2007, that up to 7,000 additional troops could be necessary to help support the 21,500 additional combat troops President Bush announced would be sent to the region in January 2007. Of this figure, Deputy Secretary England testified that 2,400 of these had been approved.

NUMBER OF NEW U.S. TROOPS DEPLOYED TO BAGHDAD²



AS OF

NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: According to Lt. Col. Carl Ey, as of March 1, 2007, there were a total of 10,000 U.S. troops deployed in all of Iraq as a result of the troop increase announced by President Bush in January 2007. Figures from previous months suggest that this represents a net increase of troops, with the total number in theater going from approximately 130,000 in mid-February to 141,000 in early March 2007.

PROPORTION OF U.S. FATALITIES BY LOCATION PRE- AND POST-SURGE³

| LOCATION | NUMBER OF U.S. FATALITIES | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | 7 WEEK PRIOR TO SURGE | FIRST 7 WEEKS OF SURGE |
| Baghdad | 29 | 53 |
| Anbar Province | 46 | 31 |
| Diyala Province | 10 | 15 |
| Rest of Iraq | 28 | 17 |
| TOTAL | 113 | 116 |

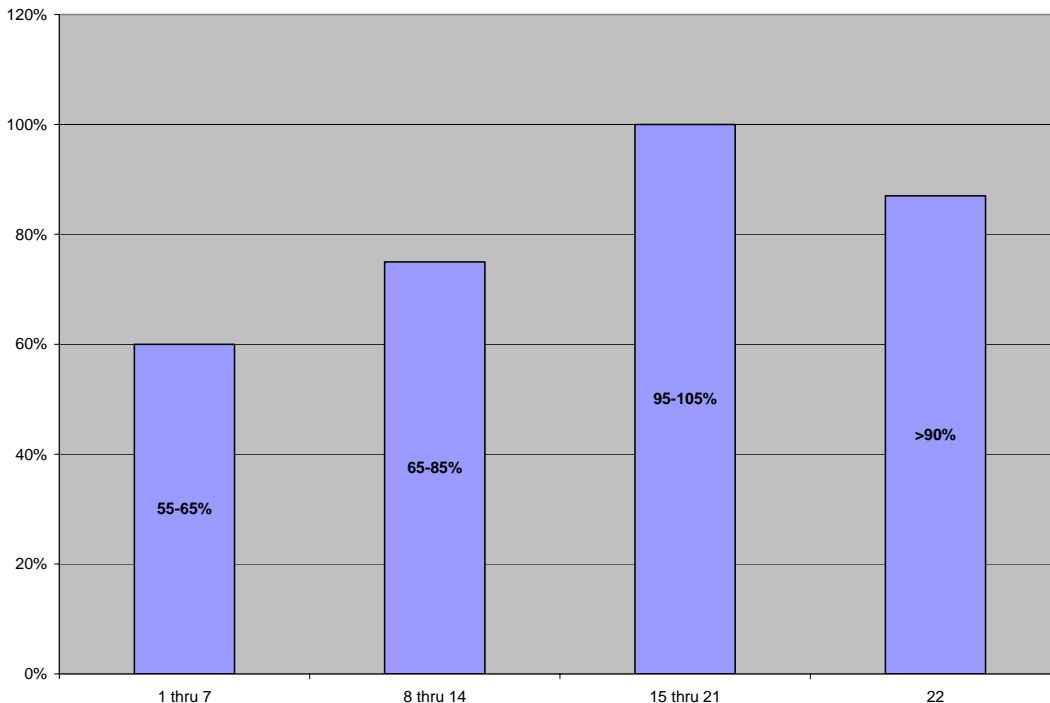
ADDITIONAL PROVINCIAL RECONSTRUCTION TEAMS (PRT'S), PERSONNEL AND TIMELINE FOR THEIR COMPLETION⁴

| NEW PRT'S | LOCATION |
|-----------|---|
| 10 | 6 in Baghdad 3 in al-Anbar Province 1 in Babil Province |

| PHASE | NUMBER OF PERSONNEL | TYPE OF PERSONNEL | TARGET DATE OF FORMATION |
|----------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|
| I | 40 (4 per team) | <u>One each of the following:</u> *Team Leader *Senior USAID Development Adviser *Civil Affairs Officer *Bi-lingual/Bi-cultural Advisor from DoD | March 2007 |
| II & III | ~260 | <u>Specialized technical personnel including:</u> *City planners *Rule of law experts *Agribusiness development experts | End of 2007 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: The new PRT's will differ from the 10 existing PRT's in that they will be embedded with brigade combat teams (as opposed to operating independently) and work in coordination with brigade commanders to advise on political and economic matters, as well as conduct community outreach. This is intended to enhance coordination efforts while providing for the security of the PRT. Because it was having difficulty filling the 300 needed vacancies, the U.S. Department of State requested in February 2007 that the U.S. Department of Defense supply 129 qualified personnel for up to 6 months. **May 31, 2007** During a press conference from Iraq, Gen. Ray Odierno stated, "all the PRT's within Baghdad are full."

IRAQI TROOPS IN BAGHDAD: ACTUAL NUMBER REPORTED FOR DUTY AS A PERCENTAGE OF PROPER BATTALION STRENGTH⁵



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: These figures refer to all Iraqi battalions that have been deployed to Baghdad. According to Gen. William Caldwell, the added contribution of Iraqi forces to Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law) in Baghdad is 9 battalions, all of which were in theater as of March 8, 2007.

U.S./COALITION AND IRAQI SECURITY FORCES OPERATING IN BAGHDAD AND THE “BELTS” SURROUNDING BAGHDAD⁶

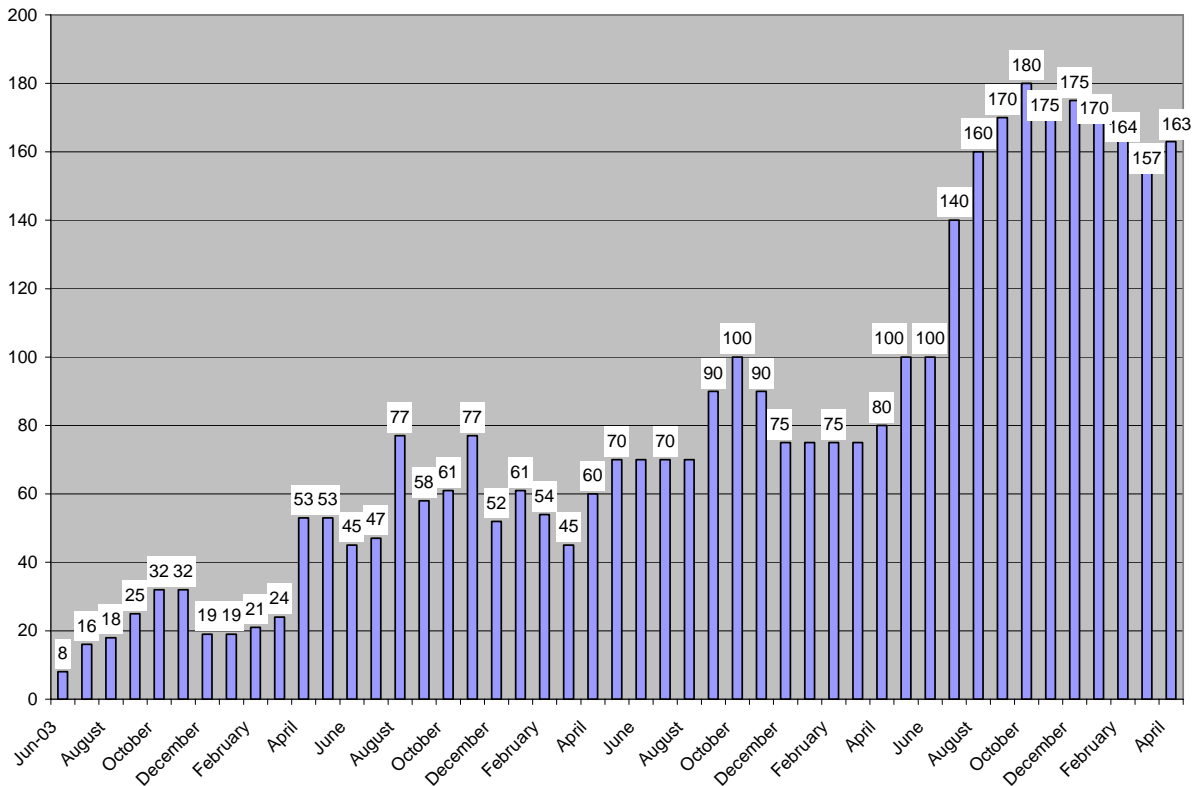
| U.S./COALITION FORCES | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Baghdad | 6 Brigades (24 Battalions) |
| Baghdad Belts | 6 Brigades (20 Battalions) |
| TOTAL FORCES | ~50,000 |

| IRAQI SECURITY FORCES | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| TOTAL BRIGADES | 22 |
| DETAIL: | |
| Army Forces | 35,000 |
| National Police Forces | 19,000 |
| Local Police Forces | 25,000+ |
| TOTAL FORCES | 79,000+ |

AS OF: MAY 31, 2007

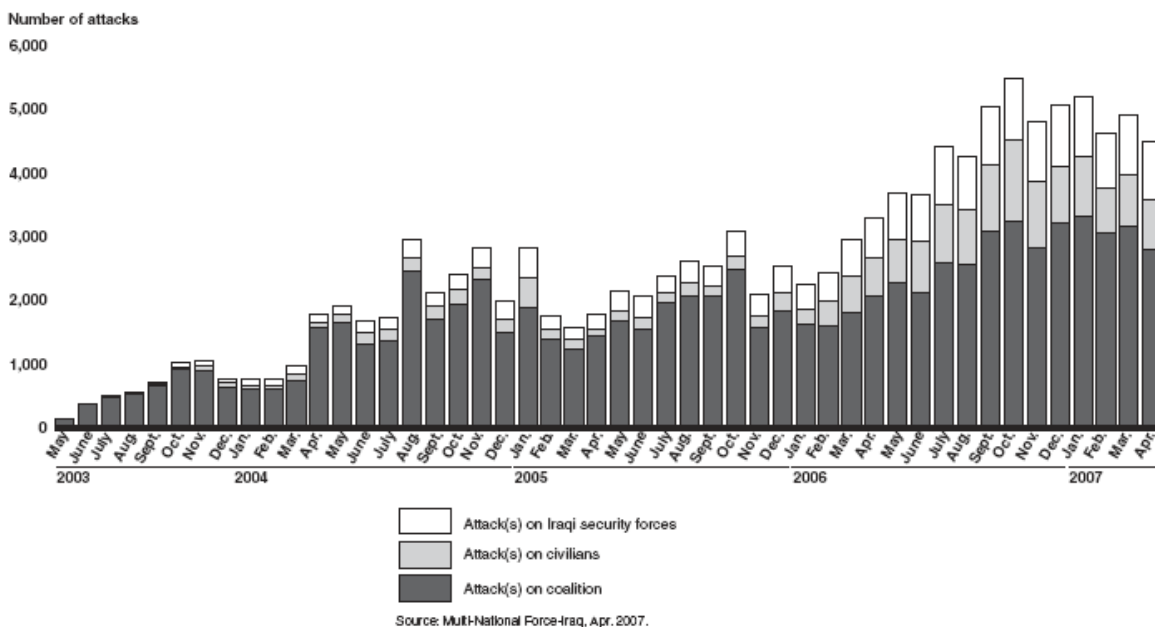
NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Figures reported by Gen. Ray Odierno during a press conference from Iraq. For Iraqi security forces, no distinction was made between those battalions operating within Baghdad and those operating in the surrounding “belts”.

NUMBER OF DAILY ATTACKS BY INSURGENTS AND MILITIAS⁷



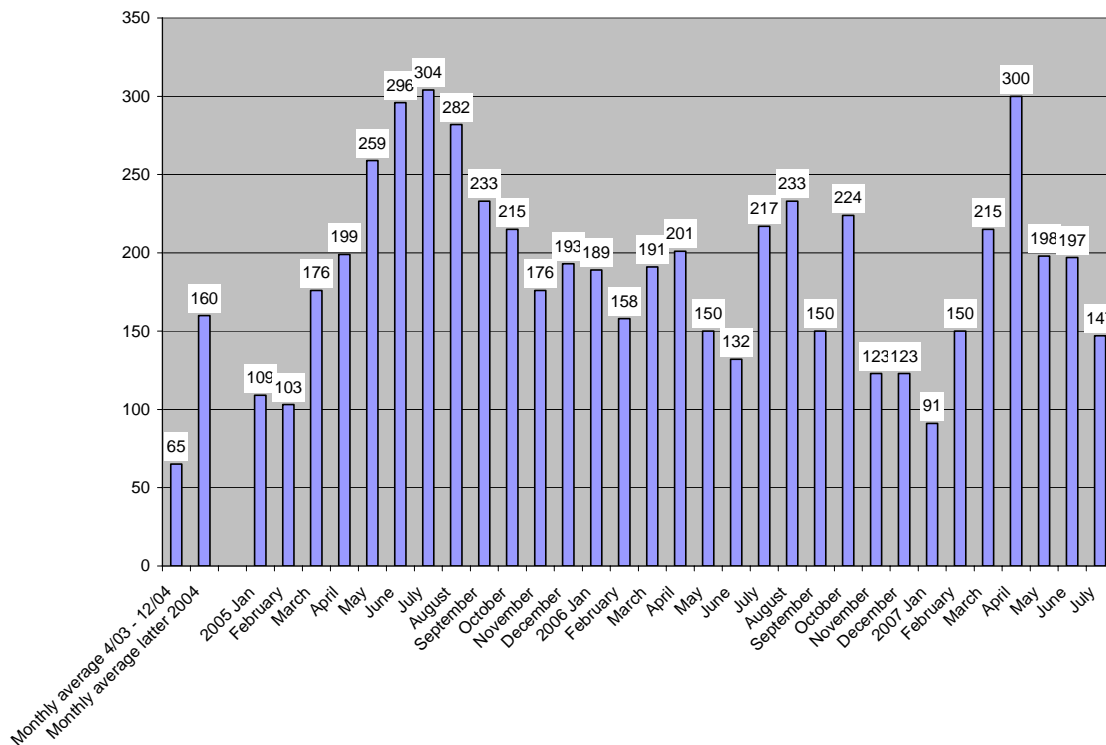
NOTE ON DAILY ATTACKS CHART: Numbers for June 2003 are incomplete. Major General Webster has noted that the number of successful attacks has dropped to about 10% from 25-30% a year ago. Ann Scott Tyson, “Departing US Commander Reports Progress in Baghdad,” *Washington Post*, December 31, 2005.

ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS AGAINST THE COALITION AND ITS PARTNERS⁸



NOTE ON ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS TABLE: The data for 2006 and 2007 does not separate attacks against Iraqi government officials from attacks against Iraqi civilians.

IRAQI MILITARY & POLICE KILLED MONTHLY⁹

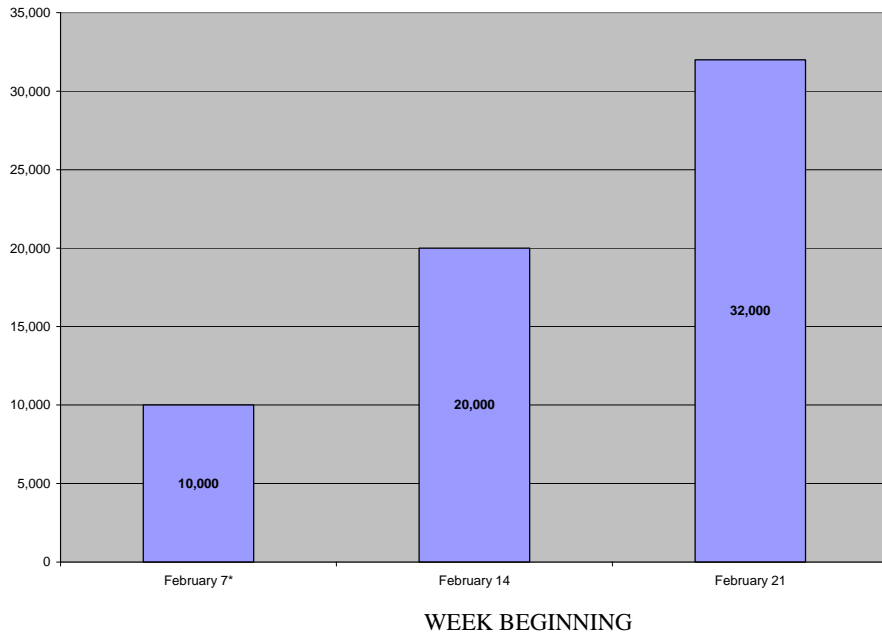


Total June 2003 through July 15, 2007: 7,234

1,300 Iraqi military and police were killed between June 2003 and January 4, 2005 according to Iraqi Minister of Interior Falah Hasan Al-Naqib. "Iraqi Officers, Police Members Killed so Far Total 1,300," Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) January 4, 2005.

Maj. Gen. Joseph Peterson, the top American police trainer in Iraq, noted through his spokesperson that 1,497 Iraqi police officers were killed and 3,256 wounded in 2005. Eric Schmitt, "2,000 More MPs Will Help Train the Iraqi Police," *New York Times*, January 16, 2006.

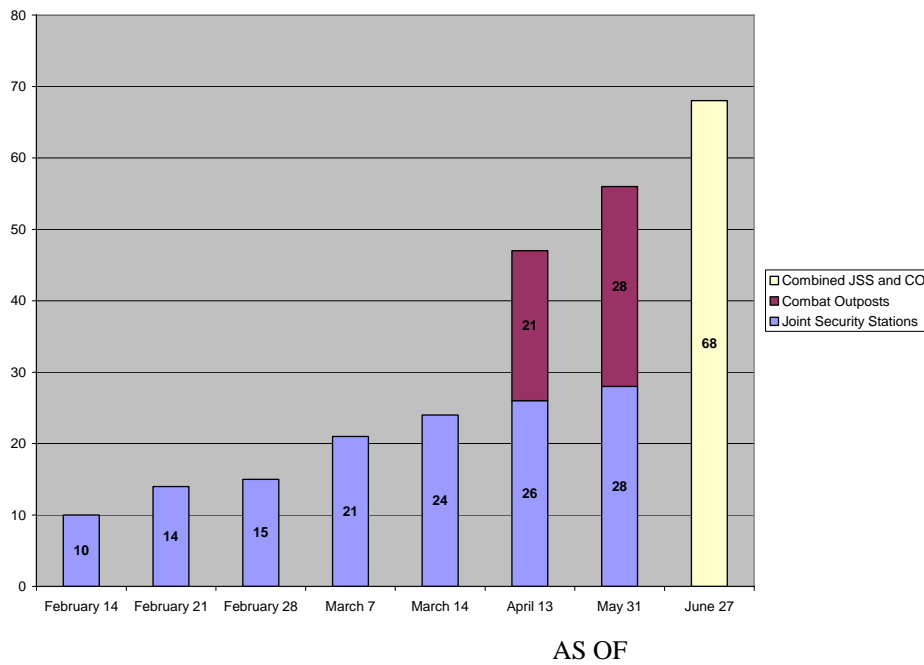
NUMBER OF PATROLS CARRIED OUT BY U.S. AND IRAQI FORCES (PER WEEK)¹⁰



*This is the week before the start of Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law)

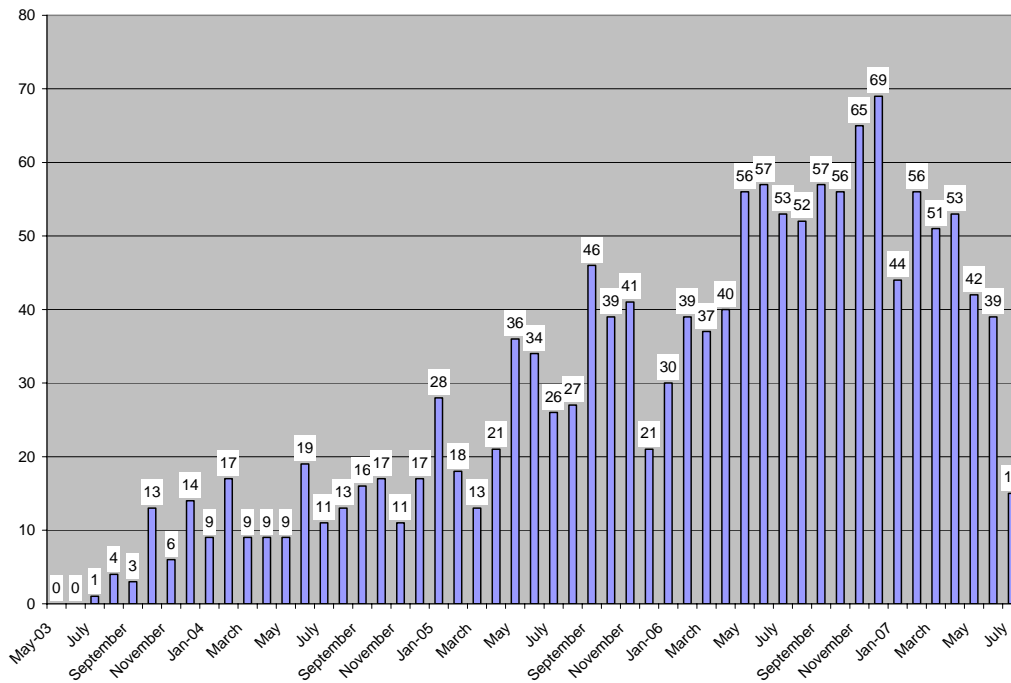
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: According to Rear Adm. Mark Fox, “more than half” of the 32,000 patrols conducted the week beginning February 21 were conducted exclusively by Iraqi Security Forces and all were conducted “in and around” Baghdad.

NUMBER OF JOINT SECURITY STATIONS (JSS’S) AND COMBAT OUTPOSTS (CO’S) ESTABLISHED BY U.S. AND IRAQI FORCES IN BAGHDAD¹¹



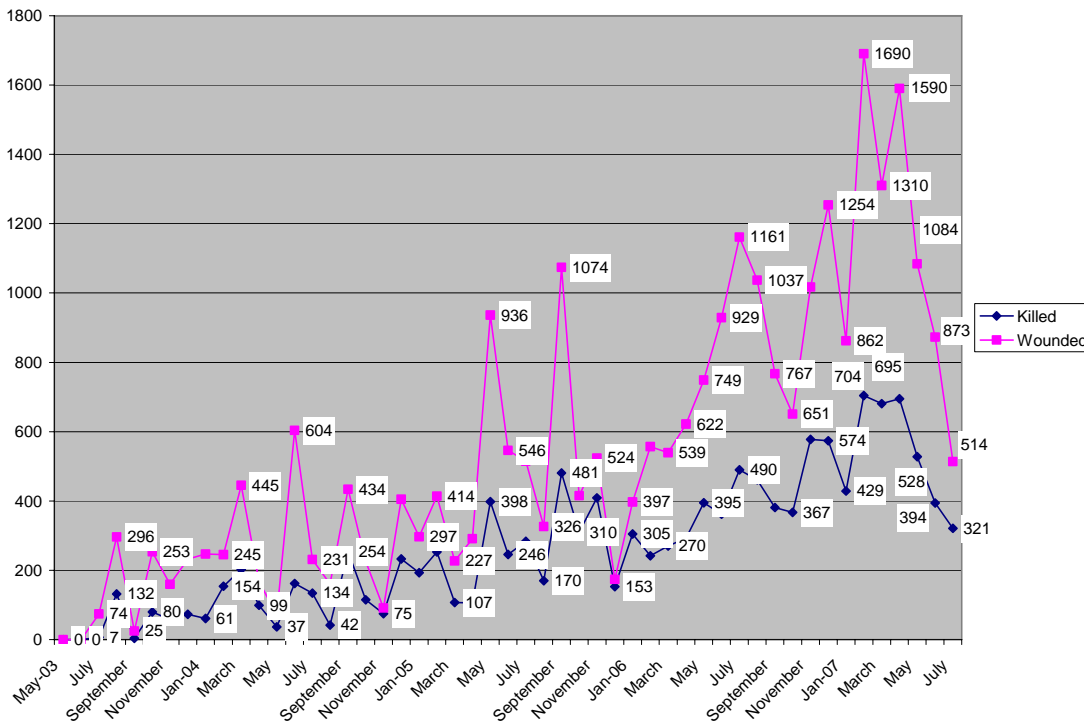
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Joint Security Stations (JSS’s) and Combat Outposts (CO’s) are security checkpoints to be set up in key strategic areas throughout Baghdad and manned 24 hours per day by elements of both U.S. and Iraqi security forces. As reported in the *New York Times* on March 16, 2007, the differences between them are that JSS’s are manned with more forces (between 120 and 150) and are seen to be permanent, perhaps to be transformed into Iraqi police stations. As Operation Fardh al-Qanoon has progressed, official press briefings have increasingly reported the combined total number of JSS’s and CO’s.

MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS¹²



Total as of July 15, 2007: 1,460 (of which at least 513 (35.1%) were suicide bombings)

KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS¹³



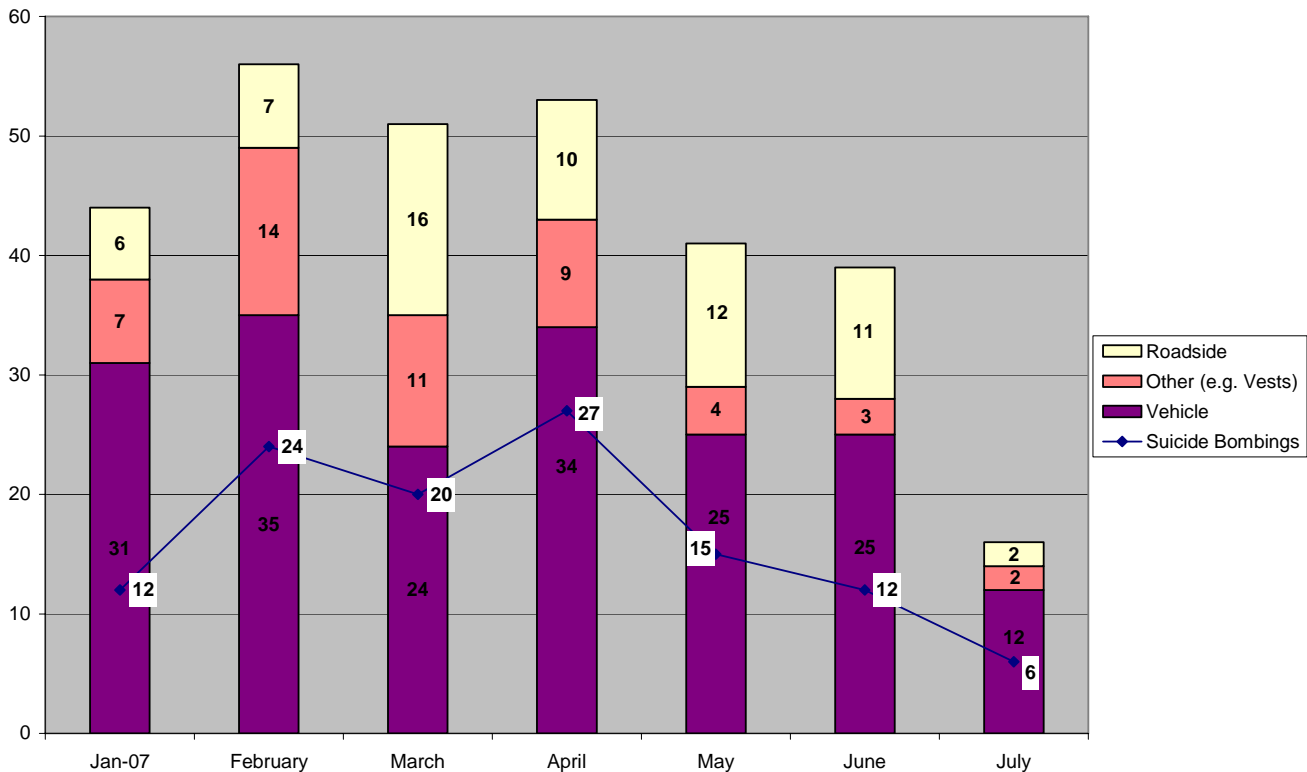
Total as of July 15, 2007:

Killed: 13,503

Wounded: 27,710

NOTE ON MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS AND KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TABLES: Included as data for these graphs are any bombings (including IEDs / roadside bombs) that caused at least three fatalities. The data on multiple fatality IED / roadside bombs are estimates and may have a margin of error of +/- one bomb and approximately five fatalities and five wounded.

MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS BY TYPE SINCE JANUARY 2007¹⁴



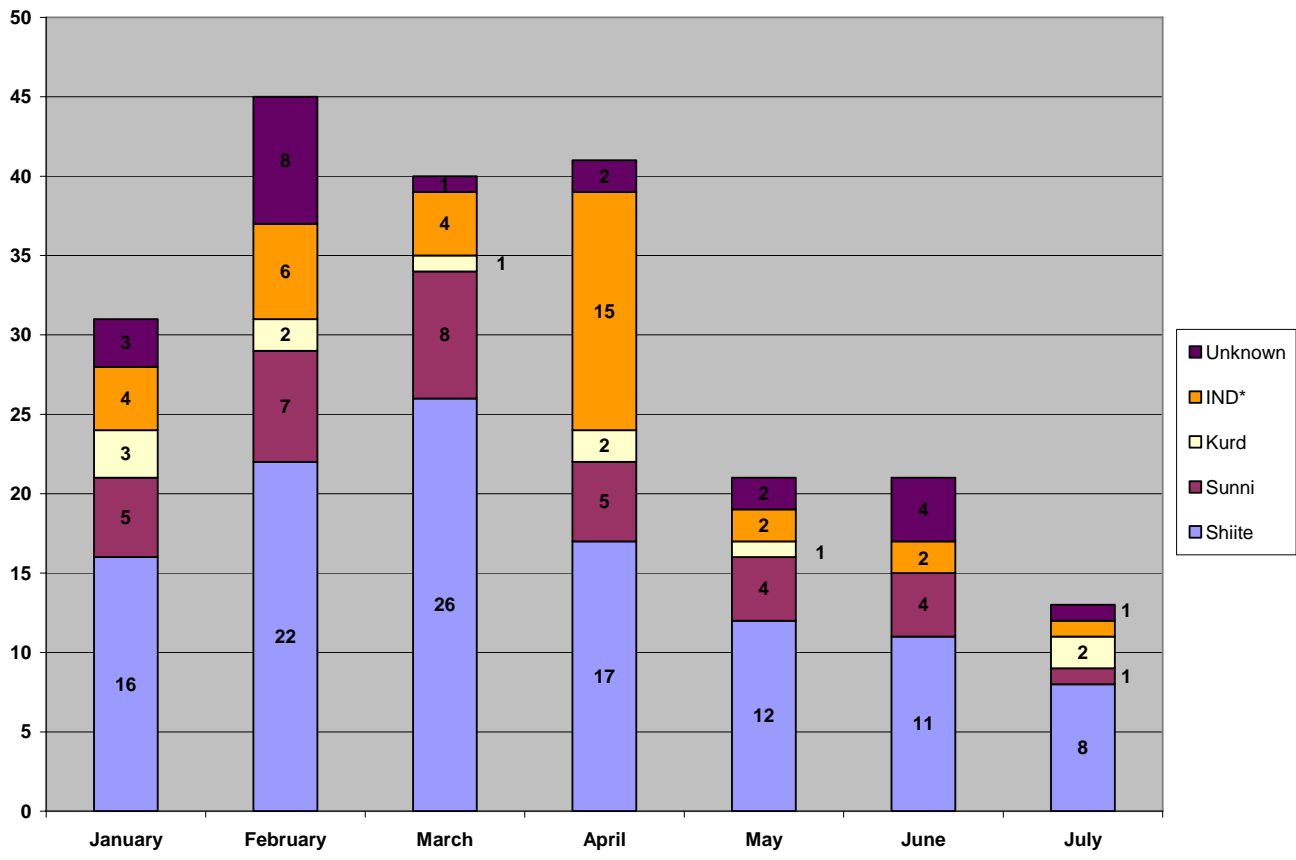
Total from January 1, 2007 to July 15, 2007 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: The count of suicide bombings refers to the ratio of the total represented by the bar graph, and should not be double-counted. In most cases, “Other” refers to suicide vest bombs but can also refer to bombs that do not fit into the other two categories, such as those left in trash cans, under market stalls, etc. By definition, “Roadside” bombs cannot be carried out by a suicide attacker.

DETAILED BREAKDOWN OF DEATHS ASSOCIATED WITH MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ¹⁵

| | January | February | March | April | May | June | July |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CIVILIANS | | | | | | | |
| Shiite | 285 | 459 | 493 | 413 | 180 | 180 | 217 |
| Sunni | 23 | 70 | 78 | 80 | 53 | 28 | 11 |
| Kurd | 28 | 11 | 30 | 24 | 22 | 0 | 48 |
| Indiscriminate | 33 | 46 | 26 | 107 | 54 | 23 | 12 |
| Unknown | 10 | 36 | 4 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 7 |
| CIVILIAN SUBTOTAL | 379 | 622 | 631 | 634 | 325 | 247 | 295 |
| OFFICIALS | | | | | | | |
| Iraqi Security | 40 | 76 | 6 | 32 | 97 | 102 | 36 |
| U.S./Coalition | 10 | 10 | 34 | 28 | 32 | 28 | 0 |
| Iraqi Government | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 17 | 0 |
| OFFICIAL SUBTOTAL | 50 | 86 | 40 | 60 | 203 | 147 | 36 |
| TOTAL | 429 | 708 | 671 | 694 | 528 | 394 | 331 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Totals shown correlate directly with the reported deaths of the attacks illustrated in the above graph. This does not necessarily mean that each fatality was a member of that sectarian group, only that the bombing occurred in an area in which that group was in the majority. Although those multiple fatality bombings directly targeting U.S., Coalition and Iraqi security forces have been omitted, in few instances elements of these forces were included among those killed, although in each of the cases they were in the stark minority.

NUMBER OF MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TARGETING CIVILIANS, BY SECTARIAN GROUP AND MONTH¹⁶



*IND: Indiscriminate

Total from January 1, 2007 to July 15, 2007 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Iraqi civilians were the primary target for each multiple fatality bombing illustrated. Those classified as “Shiite”, “Sunni” or “Kurd” were bombings that either directly targeted that sectarian group or occurred in an area reported to be predominantly composed of that sectarian group. “Indiscriminate” bombings took place in areas of a mixed sectarian population and those classified as “Unknown” did not have the sectarian grouping or exact location reported.

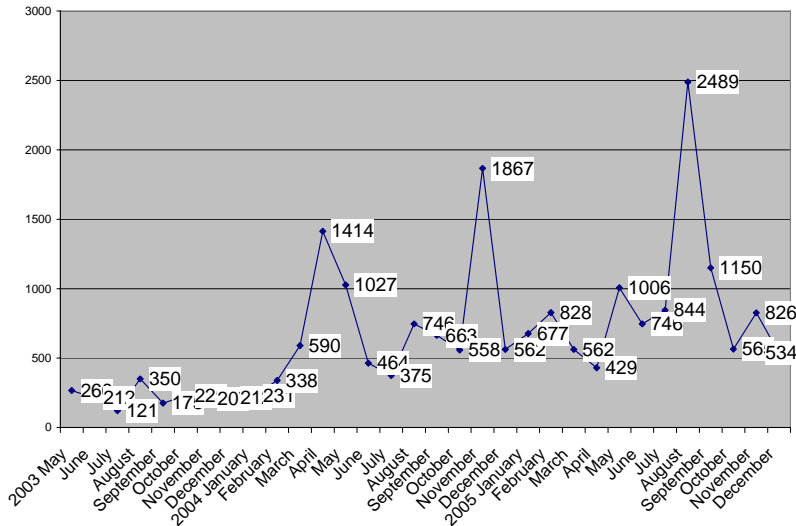
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLINGS (EJK’S) IN BAGHDAD, BY MONTH¹⁷

| | |
|--------------|-------|
| January 2007 | 1,415 |
| February | 800 |
| March | 515 |
| April | 515 |
| May | 725 |

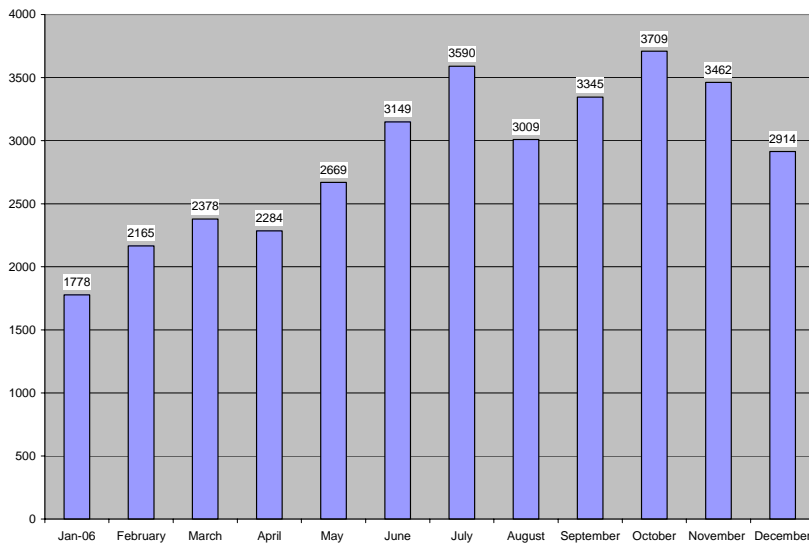
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: These are approximate figures given by Gen. Peter Pace, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs, during a press conference held at the Pentagon on May 24, 2007. The exact phrase used by Gen. Pace regarding January 2007 was “just over 1,400”. Likewise, referring to March and April, Gen. Pace stated, “just over 500”. During a press conference from Baghdad on June 19, Gen. David Petraeus stated that sectarian murders in May were about half of what they were in January. An estimate for May released by the Iraqi Interior Ministry concurred with DoD, putting the figure at 726 EJK’s for the month.

IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY VIOLENCE

MAY 2003–DECEMBER 2005 (Does Not Include Murders)



JANUARY 2006 – PRESENT (All Violent Causes)¹⁸



NOTE ON “IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED” TABLES:

Information for May 2003–December 2005 is based upon data from Iraq Body Count. We do not include entries recorded at the morgue (to avoid double-counting) or those which clearly involve the death of Iraqi police, police recruits, or Iraq Civil Defense Forces (in an attempt to index only civilians killed by acts of war. IBC itself removes military personnel.) The data shown in the chart are 1.75 times our IBC-based numbers, reflecting the fact that estimates for civilian casualties from the Iraqi Ministry of the Interior were 75 percent higher than those of our Iraq Body Count-based estimate over the aggregate May 2003 – December 2005 period.¹⁹ During this time, we separately studied the crime rate in Iraq, and on that basis estimated 23,000 murders throughout the country.

Starting in 2006, we have found it is no longer practical to differentiate between acts of war and crime. Our estimates since January 2006 are based upon the numbers published in the UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, “Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June, 2006” and subsequent reports. This data combines the Iraq Ministry of Health’s tally of deaths counted at hospitals with the Baghdad Medico-Legal Institute’s tally of deaths counted at morgues. **As a point of comparison between the two charts, we have found that the numbers we present for 2006 based on the UN (which include crime) are approximately twice what the estimates would be using the our methodology for the IBC data (not including crime) for the same time period.**

ESTIMATES OF IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY VIOLENCE:

These numbers do not include Iraqi civilians killed during major combat operations March 19, 2003–April 30, 2003.

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Iraq Index Estimate using IBC Data – May 2003 – December 31, 2005, not including crime: | 19,500 |
| Iraq Index Estimate using IBC Data – May 2003 – December 31, 2005, including crime: | 42,100 |
| Iraq Index Estimate using UN Data – January 2006 – December 2006: | 34,452 |
| Iraq Index Cumulative Estimate using IBC and UN Data – May 2003 – December 31, 2006: | 76,500 |
| Iraq Body Count Cumulative Total Through 15 December 2006: | 53,000 – 59,000 |

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY MONTH SINCE NOVEMBER 2006²⁰

| | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| November 2006 | 3,500 |
| December | 3,000 |
| January 2007 | 3,000 |
| February | 2,500 |
| March | 2,750 |
| April | 2,890 |
| May | 3,000 |
| June | 2,600 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Figures for November and December 2006 come from estimates reported by the United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq Human Rights Report covering these months. 2007 figures are estimates provided by the authors based on a steady rate of violent deaths occurring in January, followed by reduction for the month of February as a result of a drop in sectarian killings credited to Operation Fardh al-Qanoon. However, on April 11, 2007, General William Caldwell reported that overall casualties (killed and wounded) in Iraq were up 10% between February and March, despite a 26% drop in civilian casualties in Baghdad from January to March. This is reflected in the March estimate. During a press conference on April 26, Gen. David Petraeus, Commander of MNF-I, stated that from January to the end of April, sectarian murders were down two thirds in Baghdad. However, he also stated that overall violence against civilians has remained largely unchanged.

NUMBER OF NEWLY DISPLACED PEOPLE PER MONTH IN IRAQ, INTERNALLY AND ABROAD²¹

| MONTH | DISPLACED PERSONS |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| January | ~90,000 |
| February | ~90,000 |
| March | ~90,000 |
| April | ~90,000 |
| May | ~80,000 |
| June | ~60,000 |

PROGRESS OF POLITICAL BENCHMARKS AGREED UPON BETWEEN THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION AND THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT, AS WELL AS OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS²²

| Political Benchmark | Current Status | Potential Hurdles |
|---|--|--|
| Oil Revenue Sharing | February 2007: Draft law passed in the Cabinet but not yet voted on in Parliament May 2007: During the week of May 21, officials from the Kurdish Regional Government will arrive in Baghdad to discuss differences with central-government authorities. | Iraq Federation of Oil Unions has come out against the draft, as has the Iraqi National slate, led by former PM Ilyad al-Allawi |
| Reversing de-Baathification | March 2007: PM Nouri al-Maliki and President Jalal Talabani sent a draft law to the Cabinet for debate May 2007: Iraqi VP Tariq al-Hashemi announced that proposals for revising the law would be submitted to parliament during the week of May 21. | As of April 1, 2007, Falah Hassan, who heads the parliament's de-Baathification Committee, reported that his panel had not been given a copy of the draft law. In addition, prominent Shiite leaders, led by Grand Ayatollah Ali al-Sistani, have come out against the draft law |
| New election laws | No progress thus far | |
| Schedule provincial elections | July 2007: PM Nouri al-Maliki stated publicly that provincial elections would be held by the end of calendar year 2007. | |
| Disbanding militias | No political progress thus far, although Coalition and Iraqi security forces have engaged and detained militia members | |
| Plan of national reconciliation | No progress thus far | |
| Amending the Constitution to address Sunni concerns | The parliament's constitutional reform committee voted on May 15, 2007, to submit a set of revisions to lawmakers the week of May 21. However, the controversial issues of the rights of provinces to form powerful regions (similar to that of the Kurds) and references to Iraq's Arab identity are yet to be debated. | |
| Increased Sunni governmental participation | A group of Sunni sheiks in Anbar province that recently formed a loose confederation of tribes opposed to Al-Qaeda in Iraq have announced that they will form a political party, called Iraq Awakening, that will partake in future elections | |

AS OF: July 15, 2007 The benchmarks listed above were taken from a letter from Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice to Senator Carl Levin sent in January 2007 as mentioned in *Newsweek's* April 2, 2007 edition.

OTHER NOTEWORTHY POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS²³

***April 15, 2007:** Shiite cleric Moqtada al-Sadr withdrew his 6 ministers from the Iraqi cabinet. They represented the Ministries of Health, Transportation, Tourism & Antiquities, Agriculture, Civil Society and Provincial Affairs, respectively. There are 38 total cabinet posts in the current Iraqi government.

***June 29, 2007:** The leading Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, withdrew its six ministers from the Iraqi Cabinet in protest to the dismissal of Sunni Speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani and because of criminal accusations made against Sunni Culture Minister Asad Kamal al-Hashimi. As a result, 13 of 38 Cabinet positions are now unfilled.

EFFECTS OF OPERATION FARDH AL-QANOON ON IRAQI PROVINCES²⁴

| PROVINCE | DEVELOPMENT |
|----------------|--|
| Anbar | <p>*Violent attacks in the Ramadi region have dropped from 25 per day in 2006 to 4 per day since the Surge (April 29, 2007)</p> <p>*In May 2006, there were 811 attacks throughout the province. In May 2007, that figure was just over 400 (May 31, 2007) →In the city of Ramadi, there were 234 attacks in May 2006 compared to 30 in May 2007</p> <p>*Since the beginning of 2007, 12,000 Iraqis have volunteered for the security forces. In all of 2006, 1,000 volunteered (May 31, 2007)</p> |
| Diyala | <p>*There has been roughly a 30% increase in offensive actions and attacks in Diyala province (March 9, 2007)</p> <p>*In 2006, Diyala province was the eighth-deadliest province (of Iraq's 18) for U.S. troops (April 22, 2007) → Thus far in 2007, it ranks as the third-deadliest province behind Baghdad and Anbar</p> <p>* Over the past five months, attacks on U.S. and Iraqi troops have increased 70% (April 16, 2007) → It was reported on April 15, 2007, that almost a full brigade of between 2,000 and 3,000 soldiers is being sent to reinforce the territory between Baghdad and Baqubah, the provincial capital</p> |
| Baghdad | <p>*In all of 2006, 266 weapons caches were found within all security districts. Thus far in 2007, 441 have been found (May 31, 2007)</p> |

EFFECTS OF EXTERNAL ACTORS ON IRAQI SECURITY²⁵

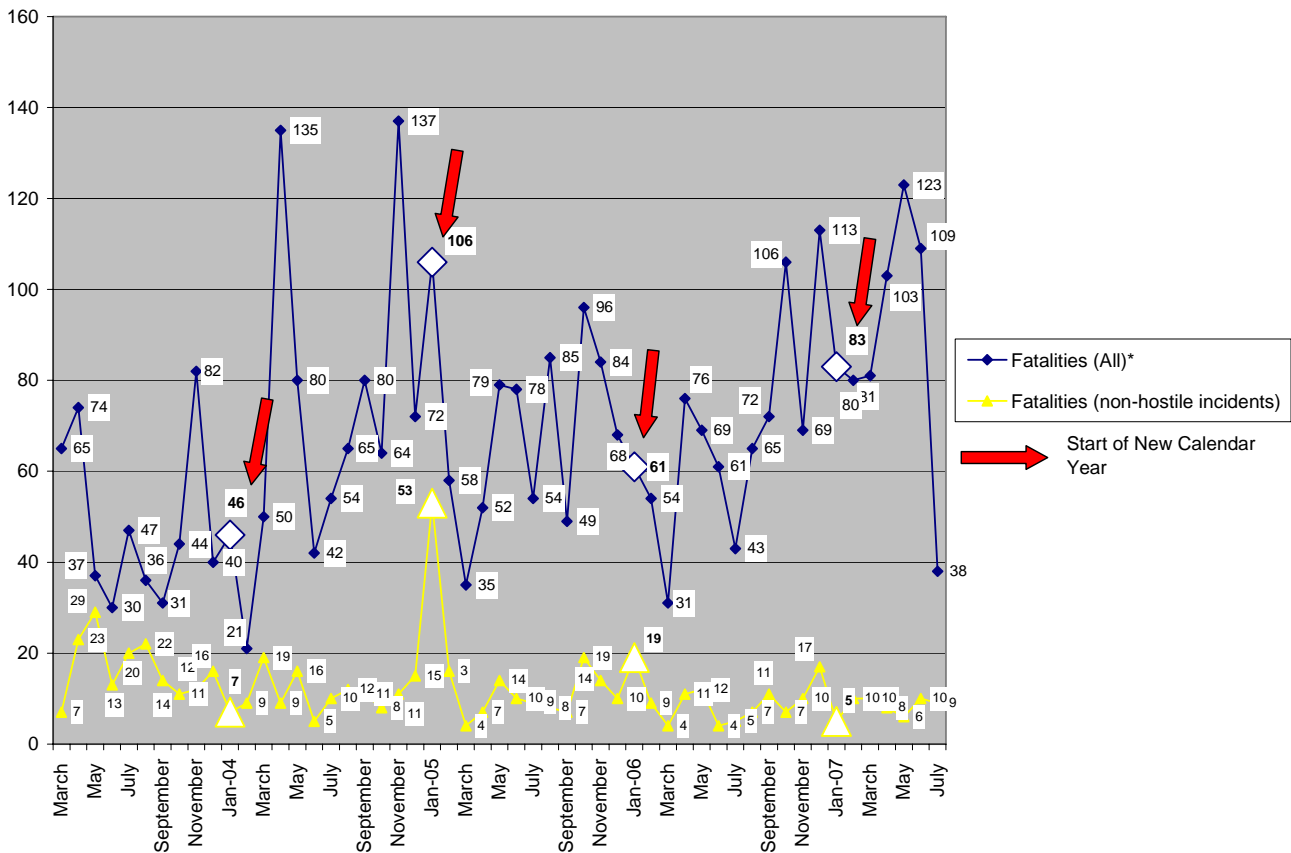
***April 11, 2007**- During a press briefing from Baghdad, Major Marty Weber reported that between 40 and 60 foreign fighters per month are crossing into Iraq via the Syrian border. During that same briefing, General William Caldwell stated that there was evidence that Iran has been giving assistance to Sunni insurgent groups, though to a much lesser degree than to Shiite extremists.

NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY OF THE IRAQ INDEX:

Although the footnotes to the Iraq Index document our sources in detail, it is worth noting here a few broad points. The majority of our information comes from the U.S. Government, though we must often analyze it and process it further to show trends over the full period since Saddam Hussein fell in 2003. Some information comes from foreign journalists on the ground and from nongovernmental organizations; a very modest amount to date comes from Iraqi sources. Most tables and charts are straightforward representations of data as we obtain it from the above primary sources, with only modest further analysis and processing required. However, a few graphics, such as those on crime and unemployment rates, require more methodological work (and more assumptions) on our part—and are as a result also perhaps somewhat less precise than most of the tables and charts.

SECURITY INDICATORS

U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003²⁶



Total from March 19, 2003 (start of major combat operations) through July 15, 2007:

Fatalities (all kinds): **3,613**
 Fatalities in hostile incidents: **2,969**
 Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: **644**

* In order to determine the monthly fatalities from hostile incidents, subtract the blue data point from the corresponding yellow data point.

NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 TABLE:

The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S. troops killed doesn't make entirely clear when in a 24 hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published 10 AM daily, there is the possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first and last day of each month. We have chosen to interpret the numbers in the casualty report as representing fatalities that occurred throughout the previous day. Total fatalities include seven civilians working for the Department of Defense.

CAUSE OF DEATH FOR US TROOPS²⁷

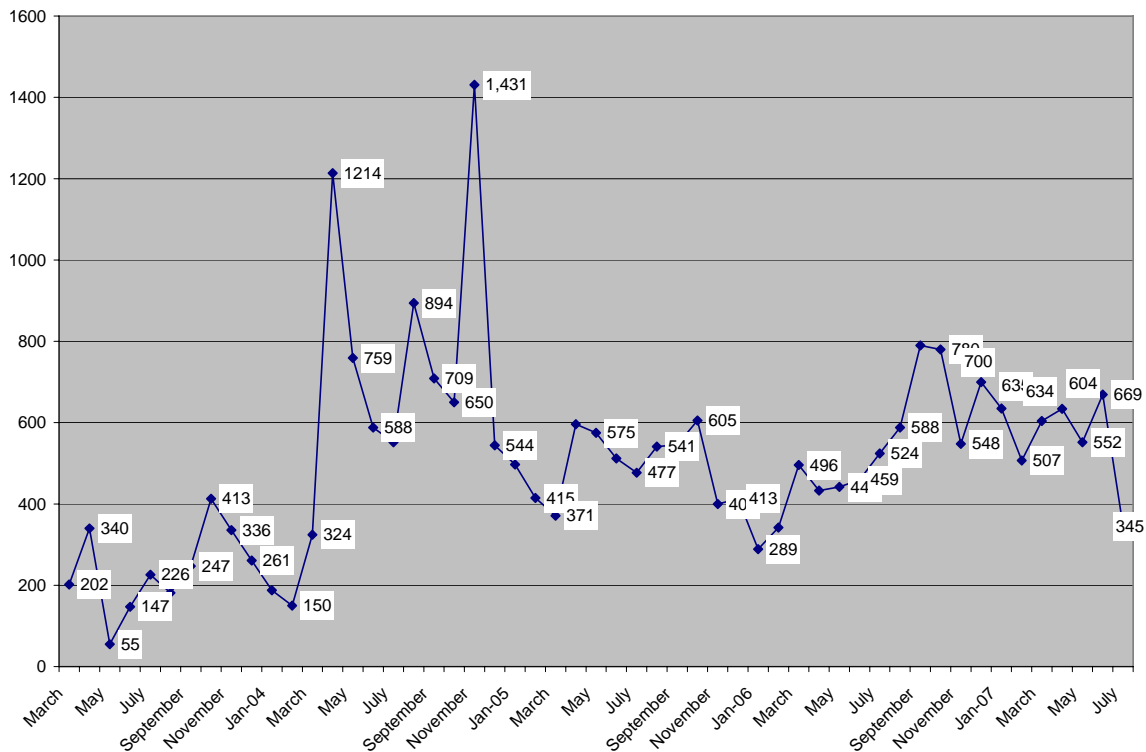
| Month | Improvised Explosive Device | Car Bombs | Mortars And Rockets | Rocket Propelled Grenades | Helicopter Losses* | Other Hostile Fire | Non-Hostile Causes* | Total |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| March 03 | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 8 (12.3%) | 50 (76.9%) | 7 (10.8%) | 65 |
| April | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 3 (4.1%) | 4 (5.4%) | 8 (10.8%) | 41 (55.4%) | 18(24.3%) | 74 |
| May | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (18.9%) | 6 (16.2%) | 24 (64.9%) | 37 |
| June | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (13.3%) | 0 (0%) | 14 (46.6%) | 12 (40.0%) | 30 |
| July | 4 (8.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 9 (18.8%) | 0 (0%) | 15 (31.3%) | 20 (41.7%) | 48 |
| August | 7 (20%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (5.7%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (20%) | 19 (54.3%) | 35 |
| September | 5 (16.1%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (6.5%) | 2 (6.5%) | 1 (3.2%) | 9 (29%) | 12 (38.7%) | 31 |
| October | 13 (29.5%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (9.1%) | 2 (4.5%) | 0 (0%) | 14 (31.8%) | 11 (25%) | 44 |
| November | 20 (24.4%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.2%) | 1 (1.2%) | 39 (47.6%) | 8 (9.8%) | 13 (15.8%) | 82 |
| December | 18 (45%) | 1 (2.5%) | 2 (5%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (10%) | 15 (37.5%) | 40 |
| January 04 | 20 (42.6%) | 3 (6.4%) | 4 (8.5%) | 1 (2.1%) | 14 (29.8%) | 4 (8.5%) | 1 (2.1%) | 47 |
| February | 9 (45%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (10%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (10%) | 3 (15%) | 4 (20%) | 20 |
| March | 19 (36.5%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (7.7%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 12 (23.1%) | 17 (32.7%) | 52 |
| April | 16 (11.9%) | 10 (7.4%) | 7 (5.2%) | 13 (9.6%) | 2 (1.5%) | 78 (57.8%) | 9 (6.7%) | 135 |
| May | 21 (26.3%) | 2 (2.5%) | 12 (15%) | 2 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 25 (31.3%) | 18 (22.5%) | 80 |
| June | 12 (28.6%) | 2 (4.8%) | 7 (16.7%) | 1 (2.4%) | 0 (0%) | 15 (35.7%) | 5 (11.9%) | 42 |
| July | 17 (31.5%) | 2 (3.7%) | 7 (13%) | 2 (3.7%) | 0 (0%) | 16 (29.6%) | 10 (18.5%) | 54 |
| August | 16 (24.2%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (3%) | 4 (6.1%) | 2 (3%) | 33 (50%) | 9 (13.6%) | 66 |
| September | 15 (18.8%) | 11(13.8%) | 4 (5%) | 2 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 37 (46.3%) | 11 (13.8%) | 80 |
| October | 12 (19%) | 19 (30.2%) | 2 (3.2%) | 4 (6.3%) | 2 (3.2%) | 19 (30.2%) | 5 (7.9%) | 63 |
| November | 18 (13.1%) | 6 (4.4%) | 4 (2.9%) | 4 (2.9%) | 0 (0%) | 93 (67.9%) | 12 (8.8%) | 137 |
| December | 14 (19.4%) | 2 (2.8%) | 1 (1.4%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.8%) | 41 (56.9%) | 12 (16.7%) | 72 |
| January 05 | 29 (27.1%) | 3 (2.8%) | 3 (2.8%) | 8 (7.5%) | 33 (30.8%) | 11 (10.3%) | 20 (18.7%) | 107 |
| February | 25 (43.1%) | 1 (1.7%) | 1 (1.7%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 15 (25.9%) | 16 (27.6%) | 58 |
| March | 13 (37.1%) | 7 (20%) | 1 (2.9%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 10 (28.6%) | 4 (11.4%) | 35 |
| April | 20 (38.5%) | 7 (13.5%) | 5 (9.6%) | 2 (3.8%) | 0 (0%) | 12 (23.1%) | 6 (11.5%) | 52 |
| May | 33 (41.2%) | 10 (12.5%) | 6 (7.5%) | 2 (2.5%) | 2 (2.5%) | 14 (17.5%) | 13 (16.3%) | 80 |
| June | 36 (46.2%) | 8 (10.3%) | 2 (2.6%) | 3 (3.8%) | 2 (2.6%) | 18 (23.1%) | 9 (11.5%) | 78 |
| July | 36 (66.7%) | 2 (3.7%) | 3 (5.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (7.4%) | 9 (16.7%) | 54 |
| August | 40 (47.1%) | 7 (8.2%) | 1 (1.2%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 27 (31.8%) | 10 (11.8%) | 85 |
| September | 37 (75.5%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (4.1%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 3 (6.1%) | 7 (14.3%) | 49 |
| October | 57 (59.4%) | 2 (2.1%) | 7 (7.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 11 (11.5%) | 19 (19.8%) | 96 |
| November | 40 (47.6%) | 6 (7.1%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.4%) | 24 (28.6%) | 12 (14.3%) | 84 |
| December | 42 (61.8%) | 3 (4.4%) | 2 (2.9%) | 1 (1.5%) | 2 (2.9%) | 9 (13.2%) | 9 (13.2%) | 68 |
| January 06 | 24 (38.7%) | 3 (4.8%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.6%) | 13 (21%) | 10 (16.1%) | 11 (17.7%) | 62 |
| February | 36 (65.5%) | 2 (3.6%) | 1 (1.8%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (12.7%) | 9 (16.4%) | 55 |
| March | 12 (38.7%) | 1 (3.2%) | 3 (9.7%) | 1 (3.2%) | 0 (0%) | 9 (29%) | 5 (16.1%) | 31 |
| April | 45 (59.2%) | 1 (1.3%) | 1 (1.3%) | 1 (1.3%) | 2 (2.6%) | 15 (19.7%) | 11 (14.5%) | 76 |
| May | 36 (52.2%) | 2 (2.9%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (5.8%) | 17 (24.6%) | 10 (14.5%) | 69 |
| June | 33 (54.1%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 23 (37.7%) | 4 (6.6%) | 61 |
| July | 21 (48.8%) | 3 (6.9%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (2.3%) | 0 (0%) | 13 (30.2%) | 5 (11.6%) | 43 |
| August | 29 (44.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (3.1%) | 29 (44.6%) | 5 (7.7%) | 65 |
| September | 29 (40.8%) | 4 (5.6%) | 1 (1.4%) | 1 (1.4%) | 0 (0%) | 26 (36.6%) | 10 (14.1%) | 71 |
| October | 52 (49.5%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1%) | 0 (0%) | 46 (43.8%) | 6 (5.7%) | 105 |
| November | 38 (54.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.9%) | 22 (31.4%) | 8 (11.4%) | 70 |
| December | 72 (62.6%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (0.9%) | 1 (0.9%) | 5 (4.3%) | 26 (22.6%) | 10 (8.7%) | 115 |
| January 07 | 34 (40.5%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.2%) | 0 (0%) | 14 (16.7%) | 30 (35.7%) | 5 (5.9%) | 84 |
| February | 25 (31.6%) | 2 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 9 (11.4%) | 33 (45.8%) | 10 (13.9%) | 79 |
| March | 51 (62.2%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.4%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 19 (23.2%) | 10 (12.2%) | 82 |
| April | 60 (57.7 %) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.0%) | 1 (1.0%) | 0 (0%) | 34 (32.7%) | 8 (7.7%) | 104 |
| May | 82 (64.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (1.6%) | 37 (29.1%) | 6 (4.7%) | 127 |
| June | 57 (57.0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (4.0%) | 0 (0%) | 31 (310%) | 8 (8.0%) | 100 |
| July | 17 (45.9%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (5.4%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 10 (27.0%) | 8 (21.6%) | 37 |
| Total | 1,417 (39.2%) | 132 (3.7%) | 115 (3.2%) | 85 (2.4%) | 181 (5.0%) | 1,139 (31.5%) | 546 (15.1%) | 3,616 |

NOTE ON CAUSE OF DEATH DETAIL TABLE: Through July 15, 2007: Helicopter losses include deaths caused by both non-hostile helicopter accidents and helicopters downed by hostile fire.²⁸ The “Non-Hostile Causes” data then does not include non-hostile helicopter losses.²⁹

AMERICAN MILITARY FATALITIES BY CATEGORY MARCH 19, 2003 – June 30, 2007³⁰

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Category | Total fatalities as of June 30, 2007: 3,572 |
| Gender | Male: 3,498 Female: 74 |
| Age | Younger than 22: 844 22-24: 976 25-30: 958 31-35: 370 Older than 35: 424 |
| Component | Active: 2,858 Reserve: 286 National Guard: 428 |
| Military service | Army: 2,515 Marines: 941 Navy: 76 Air Force: 39 Coast Guard: 1 |
| Officers/Enlisted | Officer: 343 E5-E9: 1,146 E1-E4: 2,083 |
| Race/Ethnicity | American Indian or Alaska Native: 38 Asian: 69 Black or African American: 339 Hispanic or Latino: 383 Multiple races, pending or unknown: 44 Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: 39 White: 2,660 |

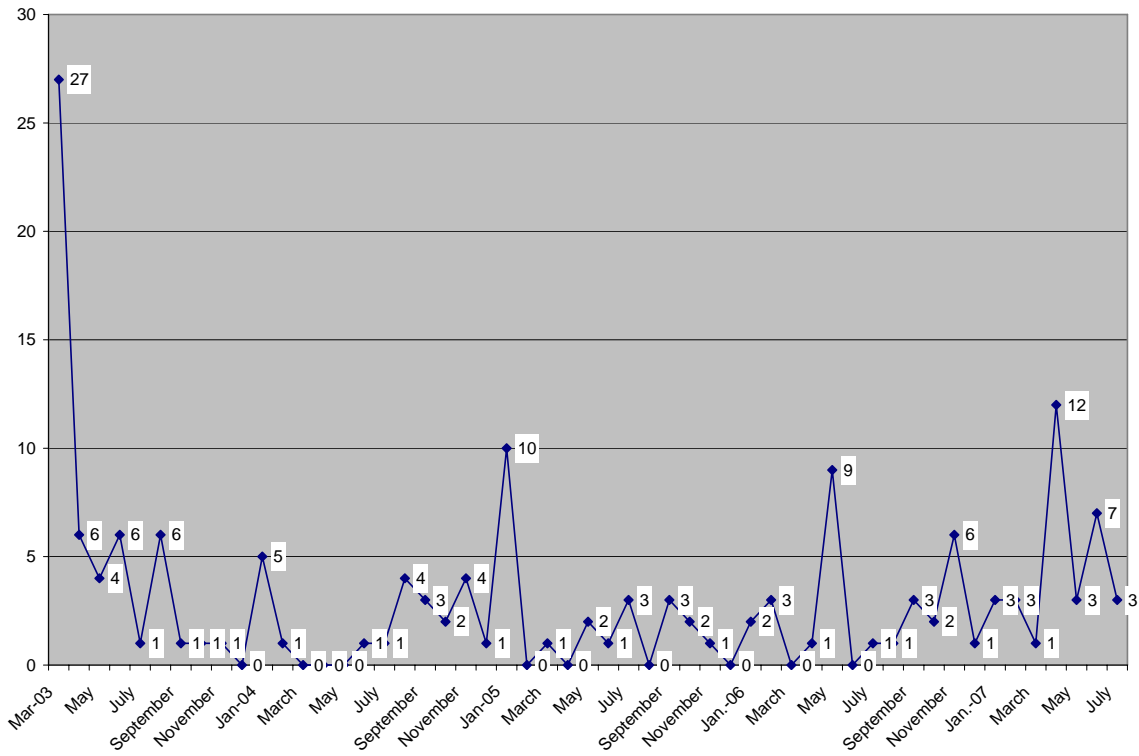
U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MARCH 2003³¹



Total from March 19, 2003 through July 15, 2007: 26,695

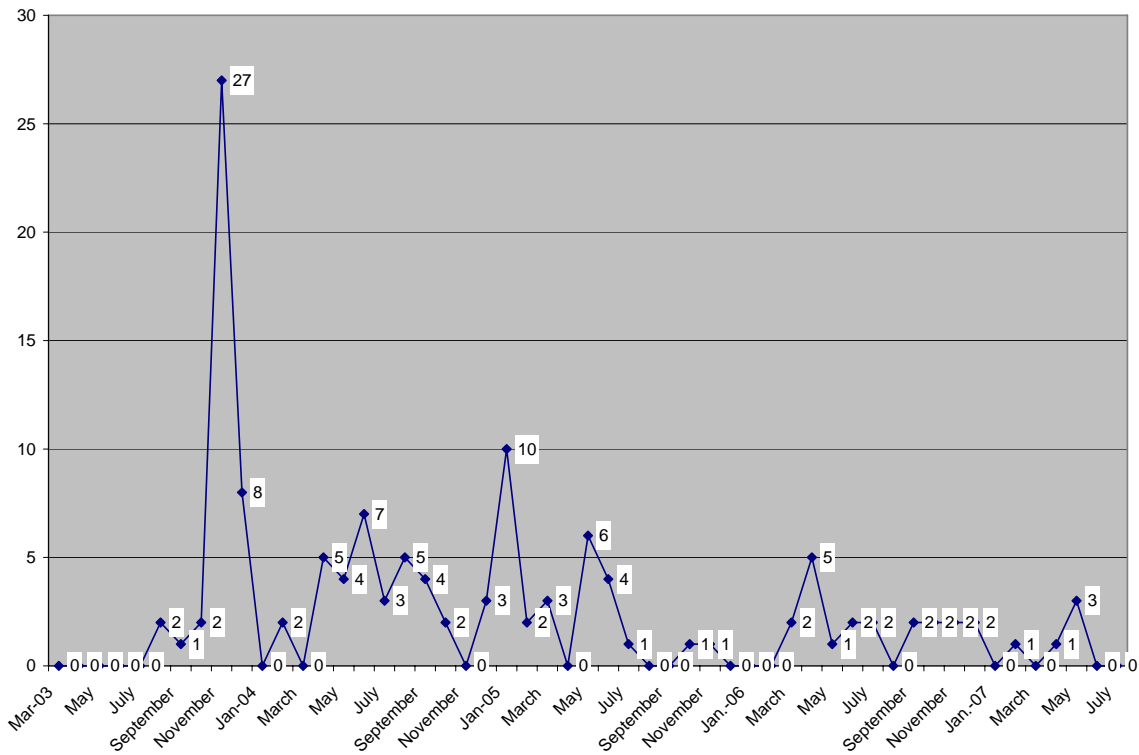
The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops wounded does not make it entirely clear when in a 24-hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published at 10AM daily, there is possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first or the last of each month.

BRITISH MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³²



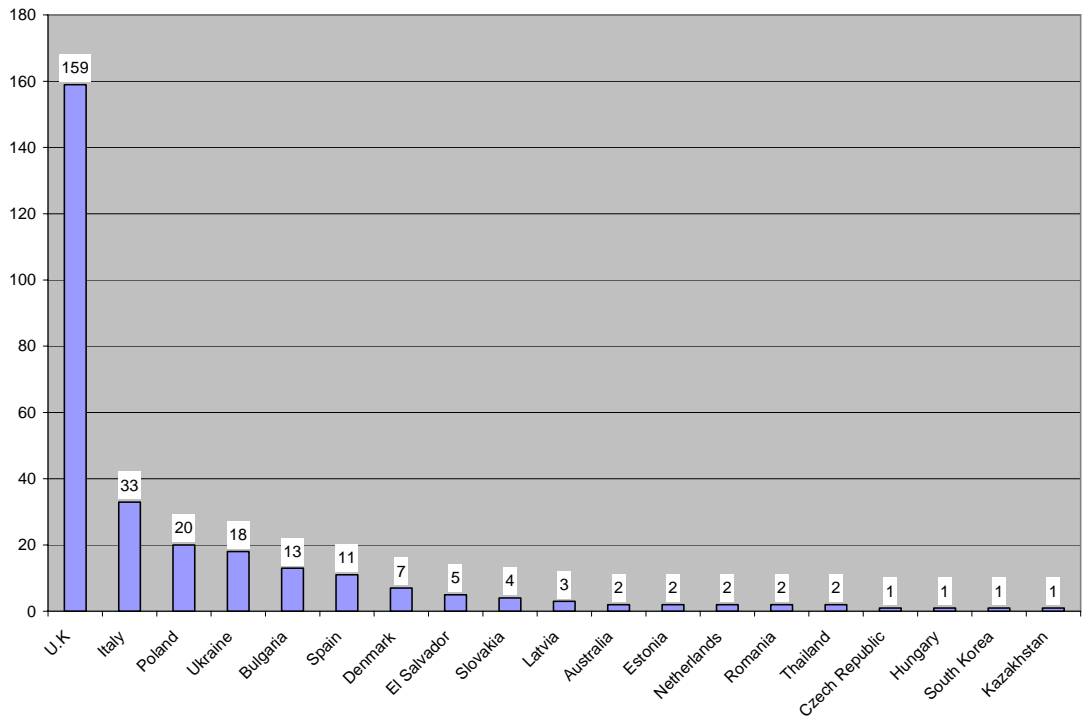
Total through July 15, 2007: 159

NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³³



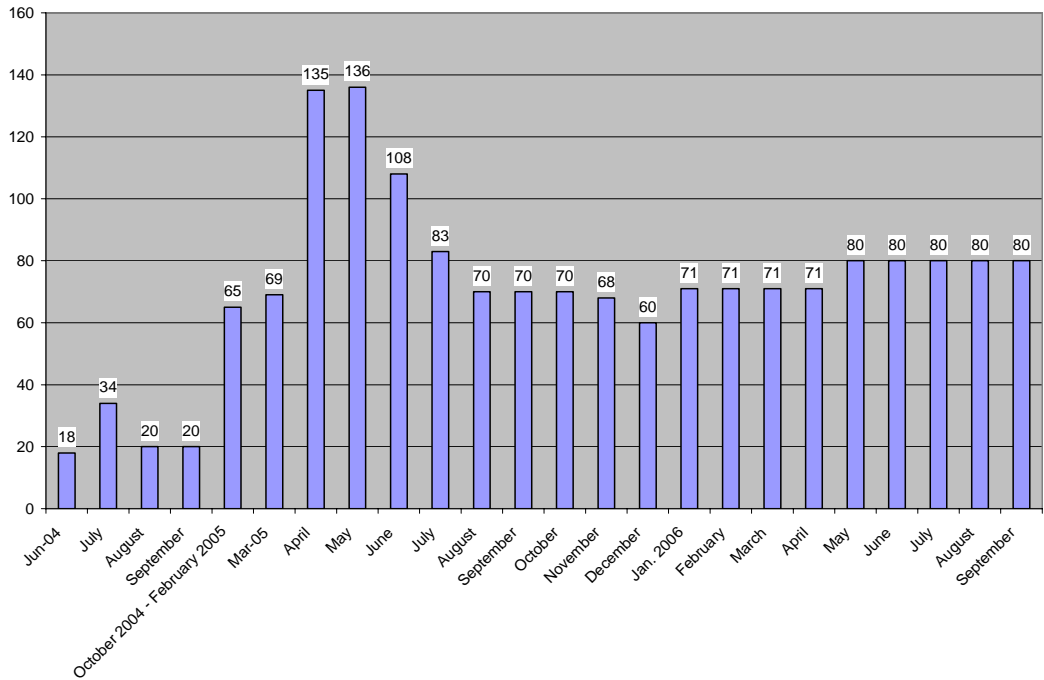
Total through July 15, 2007: 128

NON-U.S. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³⁴



Total through July 15, 2007: 287

CAR BOMBS IN IRAQ (LETHAL AND NON-LETHAL)³⁵



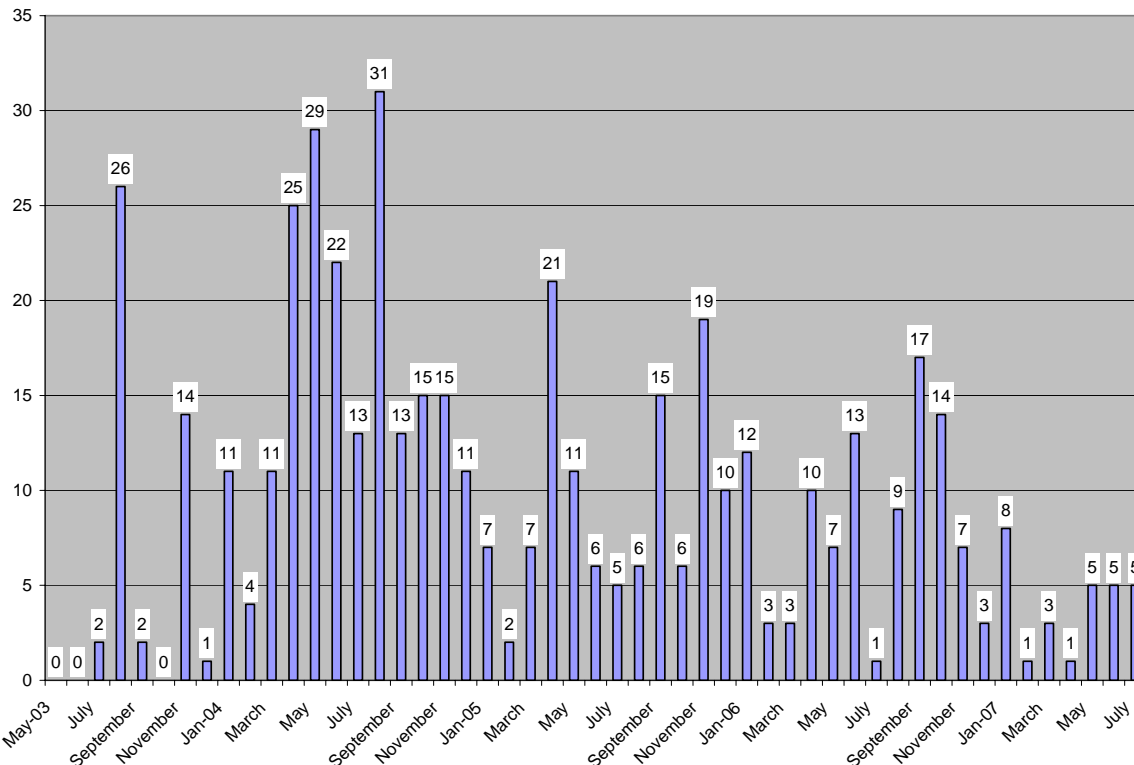
NOTE ON CAR BOMBS IN IRAQ CHART: Because we are no longer receiving useful data on the number of car bombs in Iraq, this table will be discontinued. Many of the existing numbers are estimates. Please see footnote for details.

POLICE AND CIVILIAN DEATHS BY REGION, MAY 2003-OCTOBER 2006

| Region | Police Deaths | Civilian Deaths |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Dahuk | 1 | 6 |
| Nineveh | 259 | 1,572 |
| Irbil | 60 | 140 |
| Tamim | 187 | 1,005 |
| Sulaimaniya | 4 | 87 |
| Salahuddin | 239 | 1,452 |
| Diyala | 409 | 1,861 |
| Baghdad | 715 | 28,154 |
| Babil | 160 | 1,739 |
| Anbar | 235 | 2,514 |
| Wasit | 19 | 625 |
| Karbala | 31 | 1,031 |
| Qadisiya | 3 | 163 |
| Misan | 16 | 49 |
| Najaf | 26 | 877 |
| Muthanna | 2 | 123 |
| Dhiqar | 8 | 978 |
| Basra | 63 | 1,768 |
| Unknown location | 141 | 67 |
| Total | 2,578 | 44,206 |

NOTE ON POLICE AND CIVILIAN DEATHS BY REGION CHART: This chart includes deaths as reported by Iraq Body Count, cited in "Iraq Body Count: War Dead Figures," *BBC News Online*, October 23, 2006. This data has NOT been filtered by the authors in the same way as the Iraq Body Count data discussed in *Iraqi Civilians Killed by Violence*.

NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE MAY 2003³⁶



Total through July 15, 2007: 487

NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED IN IRAQ: Total includes two contractors whose dates of death are unknown at this time and are thus not included on the above chart. This list is incomplete and does not include an additional 44 contractors that were killed up until December 31, 2004. Since we do not know during which month these deaths occurred they are not represented in the graph above.

As of March, 2005, there were more than 20,000 foreign (non-Iraqi) private military contractors in Iraq. 6,000 of these are in armed tactical roles. Peter W. Singer, "Outsourcing War," *Foreign Affairs*, March 2005.

JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ³⁷

| | |
|--------------|------------|
| 2003 | 14 |
| 2004 | 24 |
| 2005 | 23 |
| 2006 | 32 |
| 2007 | 17 |
| Total | 110 |

NATIONALITIES OF JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ³⁸

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Iraqi | 88 |
| European | 12 |
| American | 2 |
| Other Arab Countries | 3 |
| All Others | 5 |
| Total | 110 |

CIRCUMSTANCES OF JOURNALIST DEATHS³⁹

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Murder | 72 |
| Crossfire or other acts of war | 38 |
| Total | 110 |

NOTE ON JOURNALIST DEATHS: A broader tally of journalist deaths that includes media workers such as drivers and interpreters, as well as non-hostile but war-related deaths, finds 168 total fatalities.⁴⁰

IRAQIS KIDNAPPED⁴¹

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| January 2004 | 2 per day in Baghdad |
| December 2004 | 10 per day in Baghdad |
| December 2005 | Up to 30 per day nationwide |
| March 2006 | 30-40 per day nationwide |

NOTE ON IRAQIS KIDNAPPED TABLE: The numbers on this table may be lower than the actual number of kidnappings as the Iraqi Police suggests wide underreporting. Ellen Knickmeyer and Jonathon Finer, "In Iraq, 425 Foreigners Estimated Kidnapped Since 2003," *Washington Post*, December 25, 2005. The Iraqi Interior Ministry estimates that 5,000 Iraqis were kidnapped nationwide between December 2003 and April 2005 (Haifa Zangana, "Blair Made a Pledge to Iraqis Once," *The Guardian*, April 22, 2005). According to Assad Abboud, "Iraq's Forgotten Kidnap Victims Suffer in Silence," *Agence France Presse*, March 25, 2006, the average ransom price for a kidnapped Iraqi is \$30,000. The American Embassy in Baghdad estimated that 5-30 Iraqis are abducted each day, but also acknowledged the uncertainty of such a figure (Kirk Semple, "Kidnapped in Iraq: Victim's Tale of Clockwork Death and Ransom," *New York Times*, May 7, 2006).

IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS⁴²

| | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 2005 | Average of 7 per week |
| January 2006 | 4 per week |
| August 2006 | 1 per week |

NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS: The military has recently announced that an average of one Iraqi civilian per day was killed in "escalation of force" incidents alone in 2005. Josh White, Charles Lane and Julie Tate, "Homicide Charges Rare in Iraq War; Few Troops Tried for Killing Civilians," *Washington Post*, August 28, 2006.

FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003⁴³

| Month | Foreigners Kidnapped | Developments* |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Date of capture unknown | 14 | 3 killed |
| May 2003 – October 2003 | 0 | |
| November | 1 | 1 released |
| Dec. 2003 – March 2004 | 0 | |
| April | 43 | 3 killed, 30 released, 1 escaped |
| May | 2 | 1 killed |
| June | 3 | 2 killed, 1 escaped |
| July | 26 | 3 killed, 13 released, 1 rescued, 1 escaped |
| August | 30 | 15 killed, 15 released |
| September | 31 | 4 killed, 4 released, 1 rescued |
| October | 7 | 3 killed, 2 released |
| November | 5 | 1 killed, 1 released |
| December | 2 | |
| January 2005 | 13 | 10 released |
| February | 10 | 8 released |
| March | 5 | 3 released |
| April | 7 | 6 released |
| May | 4 | 1 killed, 1 rescued |
| June | 0 | |
| July | 6 | 3 killed |
| August | 24 | 2 killed, 21 released |
| September | 3 | 1 killed, 6 released |
| October | 3 | 1 released |
| November | 11 | 1 killed, 2 released |
| December | 13 | 2 killed, 10 released |
| January 2006 | 5 | 2 released |
| February | 12 | 6 released |
| March | 0 | 1 killed, 1 released, 3 rescued |
| April | 1 | |
| May | 2 | 4 released |
| June | 5 | 6 killed |
| July | 1 | |
| August | 0 | 1 released |
| September | 0 | |
| October | 1 | |
| November | 5 | 1 escaped, 1 killed |
| December | 4 | |
| January 2007 | 3 | |
| February | 3 | 1 released |
| March | 0 | |
| April | 0 | |
| May | 5 | |
| June | 0 | |
| July | 0 | |
| Total through July 15, 2007 | 305 | 54 killed, 147 released, 4 escaped, 6 rescued, 89 unknown |

NOTE ON FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ TABLE:*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of hostages, but does not necessarily apply to hostages kidnapped during the same month. Please see footnote for more information. According to the Baghdad Hostage Working Group at the US Embassy in Baghdad as cited in Erik Rye and Joon Mo Kang, "Hostages of War," *New York Times*, May 17, 2006, 439 foreigners have been kidnapped in Baghdad since the start of the war. These include 165 private contractors, 63 (mostly truck) drivers, 39 journalists, 23 NGO workers, and 15 diplomats/gov't employees. An Associated Press tally shows that at least 13 Americans have been kidnapped. Four have been killed, four have escaped or been freed and five are considered taken, missing, or unknown. This list may be incomplete. "The Fate of Americans Taken Hostage in Iraq," *Associated Press*, January 20, 2006.

IRAQI PRISON POPULATION⁴⁴

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Peak prison population in 2003 | 10,000 |
| June 2004 | 5,435 |
| July | 5,700 (of which 90 are foreign nationals) |
| September | 5,500 (whereof 2 are women, 65-70 are juveniles and 130-140 are foreign nationals) |
| October | 4,300 |
| November | 8,300 |
| January 2005 | 7,837 |
| June | 10,783 |
| July | 15,000 |
| August | 14,000 |
| September | 14,000 |
| October | 13,000 |
| November | 13,000 held by American troops plus an additional 12,000 held by Iraqi authorities |
| December | ~ 14,000 in US / Allied custody |
| January 2006 | 14,000 in US custody |
| February | 14,767 in US / Allied custody |
| March | ~ 15,000 in US / Allied custody |
| April | ~ 15,000 in US / Allied custody |
| May | ~14,000 in US / Allied custody |
| June | ~14,500 in US custody, ~13,300 held by Iraqi authorities |
| September | ~13,000 in US custody |
| October | ~13,000 in US custody |
| November | ~ 13,000 in US custody |
| December | ~ 13,000 in US custody |
| January 2007 | ~ 14,000 in US custody |
| February | ~ 15,000 in US custody |
| March | ~ 17,000 in US custody ~20,000 in Iraqi custody |
| April | ~ 18,000 in US custody |
| May | ~ 19,500 in US custody |
| June | ~ 21,000 in US custody |

NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE:

March 2007- 13,800 prisoners held in Camp Bucca in southern Iraq and 3,300 held in Camp Crocker outside of Baghdad. David Cloud also writes that 2,800 detainees have been released since August 2005. David Cloud, "Prisoner is Released Despite Evidence of Role in Bombing," *New York Times*, November 25, 2005.

ESTIMATED STRENGTH OF INSURGENCY NATIONWIDE⁴⁵

| Month | Estimated strength of insurgency nationwide |
|--------------|---|
| November | 5,000 |
| December | 5,000 |
| January 2004 | 3,000-5,000 |
| February | N/A |
| March | N/A |
| April | 5,000 |
| May | 15,000 |
| June | 15,000 |
| July | 20,000 |
| August | 20,000 |
| September | 20,000 |
| October | 20,000 |
| November | 20,000 |
| December | “more than 20,000” |
| January 2005 | 18,000 |
| February | 18,000 |
| March | 16,000 |
| April | 16,000 |
| May | 16,000 |
| June | 15,000-20,000 |
| July | “no more than 20,000” |
| August | N/A |
| September | “neither gaining strength nor weakening appreciably” (some estimates indicate higher numbers, please see footnote) |
| October | 15,000 – 20,000 |
| November | 15,000 – 20,000 |
| December | 15,000 – 20,000 |
| January 2006 | 15,000 – 20,000 |
| February | 15,000 – 20,000 |
| March | 15,000 – 20,000 |
| April | 20,000+ |
| May | 20,000+ |
| June | 20,000+ |
| July | 20,000+ |
| August | 20,000+ |
| September | 20,000+ |
| October | 20,000-30,000, including militias |
| March 2007 | ~70,000 (Sunni only), includes non-operational supporters |

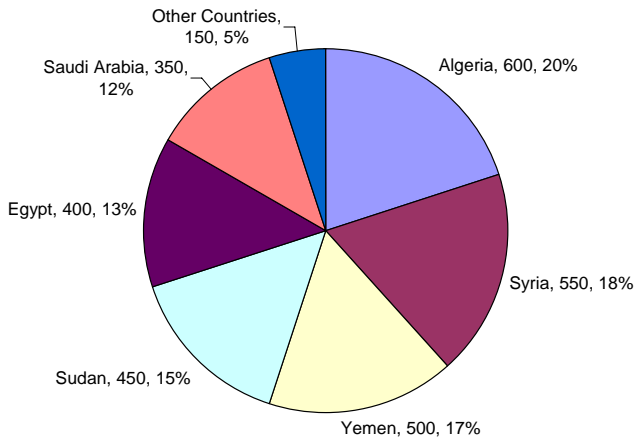
NOTE ON STRENGTH OF INSURGENCY TABLE: International Crisis Group estimates that there are approximately 5,000 to 15,000 insurgents in Iraq. *In Their Own Words: Reading the Iraqi Insurgency*, International Crisis Group, Middle East Report N. 50, February 15, 2006. The estimated strength of Al Qaida in Iraq is more than 1,000 nationwide, although the exact number is unknown. It is presumed this includes both Iraqis and foreign fighters. Country Reports on Terrorism, United States Department of State, Office for the Coordinator for Counterterrorism, April 2006. **March 2007:** Estimate is of Sunni insurgents only. It comes from an analyst employed by the U.S. military and includes “hard-line operators” as well as “part-time supporters”.

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN THE INSURGENCY⁴⁶

| | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| January 2004 | 300-500 |
| July | “Low hundreds” |
| September | “Fewer than 1,000” |
| November | “Fewer than 1,000” |
| January 2005 | “Fewer than 1,000” |
| February | “Fewer than 1,000” |
| May | 1,000 |
| June | 750-1,000 |
| July | 750-1,000 |
| August | 750-1,000 |
| September | 700 – 2,000 |
| October | 700 – 2,000 |
| November | 700 – 2,000 |
| December | 700 – 2,000 |
| January 2006 | 700 – 2,000 |
| February | 700 – 2,000 |
| March | 700 – 2,000 |
| April | 800 – 2,000 |
| May | 800 – 2,000 |
| June | 800 – 2,000 |
| July | 800 – 2,000 |
| August | 800 – 2,000 |
| September | 800 – 2,000 |
| October | 800 – 2,000 |
| November | 800 – 2,000 |

NOTE ON ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS TABLE: “[Foreign fighters] are very few in number, although as far as we can tell, they constitute about 100 percent of the suicide bombers.” DoD News Briefing with Col. Sean MacFarland, Commander of 1st Brigade Combat Team, 1st Armored Division, Stationed in Ramadi, July 14, 2006.

NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS IN IRAQ, SEPTEMBER 2005⁴⁷



NOTE ON NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS GRAPH: Two other sources have cited the nationalities of non-Iraqi Jihadists (one specifying those captured, the other those killed) in Iraq, and the three reports suggest somewhat different trends. Reuven Paz cites Saudi Arabia as contributing the highest number of jihadists killed (94) from November to March, 2005, followed by Syria (16) and Kuwait (11). Reuven Paz, “Arab Volunteers Killed in Iraq: An Analysis,” Global Center for International Affairs Center (GLORIA), Occasional Papers, Volume 3 (2005), Number 1, March 2005.

COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003⁴⁸

| Month | U.S. troops in Iraq | | | Other coalition troops in Iraq (excluding U.S. & Iraqi forces) | Total international troop strength in Iraq |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|---|--|
| | Active | Reserve (includes National Guard) | Total | | |
| May-03 | ~142,000 | ~8,000 | 150,000 | 23,000 | 173,000 |
| June | ~126,000 | ~24,000 | 150,000 | 21,000 | 171,000 |
| July | ~124,000 | ~25,000 | 149,000 | 21,000 | 170,000 |
| August | ~114,000 | ~25,000 | 139,000 | 22,000 | 161,000 |
| September | ~103,000 | ~29,000 | 132,000 | 24,000 | 156,000 |
| October | ~102,000 | ~29,000 | 131,000 | 25,000 | 156,000 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 123,000 | 23,900 | 146,900 |
| December | ~85,400 | ~36,600 | 122,000 | 24,500 | 146,500 |
| January -04 | N/A | N/A | 122,000 | 25,600 | 147,600 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 115,000 | 24,000 | 139,000 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 130,000 | 24,000 | 154,000 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 137,000 | 25,000 | 162,000 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 24,000 | 162,000 |
| June | 89,700 | 48,300 | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 140,000 | 22,000 | 162,000 |
| August | 84,000 | 56,000 | 140,000 | 23,700 | 163,700 |
| September | 82,800 | 55,200 | 138,000 | 24,600 | 162,600 |
| October | 82,800 | 55,200 | 138,000 | 24,000 | 162,000 |
| November | 82,800 | 55,200 | 138,000 | 24,000 | 162,000 |
| December | 82,800 | 55,200 | 148,000 | 25,000 | 173,000 |
| January-05 | 90,000 | 60,000 | 150,000 | 25,300 | 175,300 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 155,000 | 25,000 | 180,000 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 150,000 | 22,000 | 172,000 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 142,000 | 22,000 | 164,000 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 135,000 | 23,000 | 158,000 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| August | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| September | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 22,000 | 160,000 |
| October | N/A | N/A | 152,000 | 22,000 | 174,000 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 23,000 | 183,000 |
| December | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 23,000 | 183,000 |
| January-06 | N/A | N/A | 136,000 | 21,000 | 157,000 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 133,000 | 20,000 | 153,000 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 133,000 | 20,000 | 153,000 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 132,000 | 20,000 | 152,000 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 132,000 | 20,000 | 152,000 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 126,900 | 19,000 | 146,900 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 130,000 | 19,000 | 149,000 |
| August | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 19,000 | 157,000 |
| September | N/A | N/A | 144,000 | 18,000 | 162,000 |
| October | N/A | N/A | 144,000 | 17,200 | 161,200 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 140,000 | 18,000 | 158,000 |
| December | N/A | N/A | 140,000 | 15,200 | 155,200 |
| January-07 | N/A | N/A | 132,000 | 14,650 | 146,650 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 135,000 | 14,010 | 149,010 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 142,000 | 13,205 | 155,205 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 146,000 | 13,196 | 159,196 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 149,700 | 12,112 | 161,812 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 157,000 | 11,524 | 168,524 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 11,524 | 168,524 |

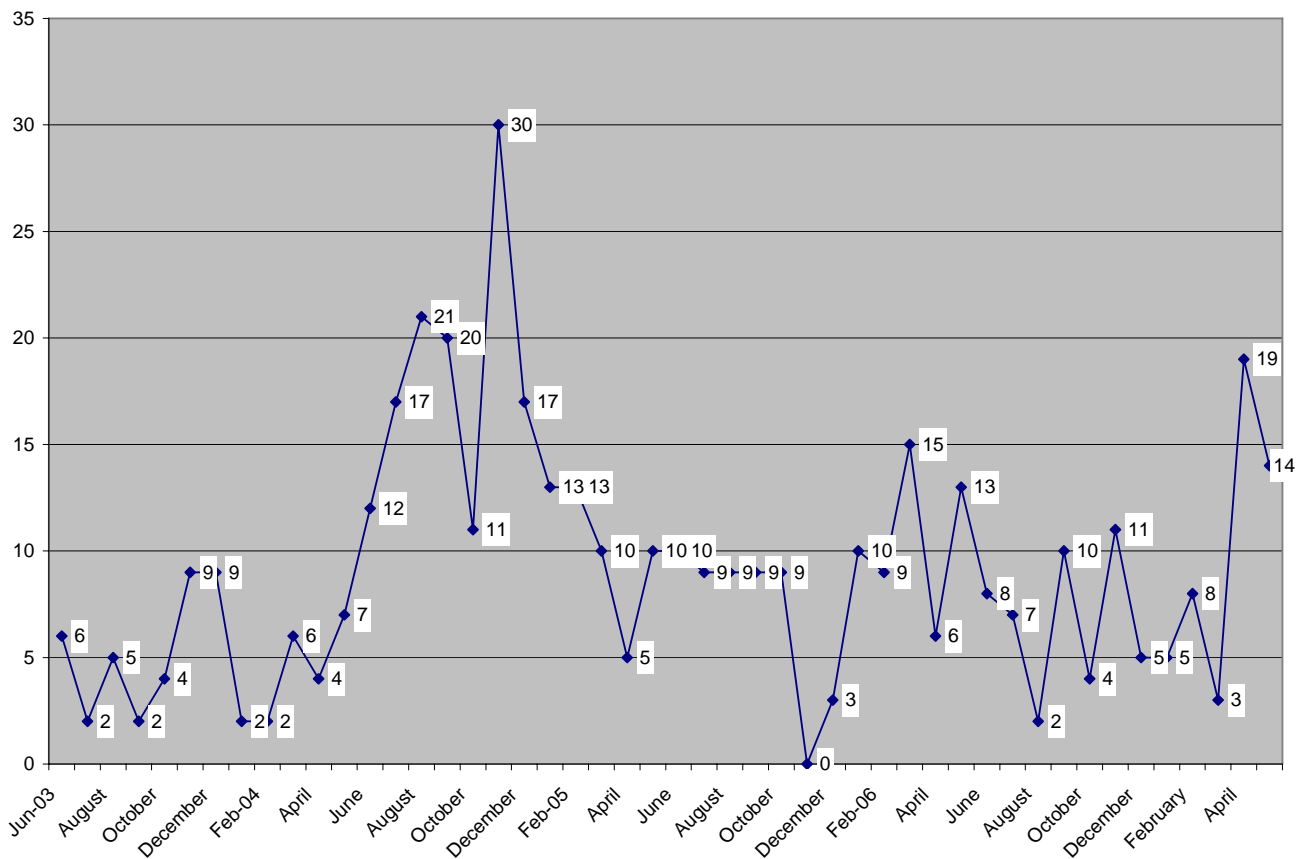
NOTE ON TABLE: All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month. N/A= Not available.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY'S AUTHORIZED END STRENGTH, BY COMPONENT AND FUNCTION, FISCAL YEAR 2005⁴⁹

| (Thousands of Soldiers) | Deployable Personnel | | | Non-deployable Personnel | Total |
|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | Combat | Combat Support | Combat Service Support | | |
| Active | 151 (31%) | 79 (16%) | 92 (19%) | 160 (33%) | 482 |
| Guard | 169 (48%) | 67 (19%) | 89 (26%) | 24 (7%) | 350 |
| Reserve | 14 (7%) | 40 (20%) | 84 (41%) | 67 (32%) | 205 |
| Total | 334 (32%) | 187 (18%) | 265 (26%) | 251 (24%) | 1,037 |

NOTE ON DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY'S AUTHORIZED END STRENGTH TABLE: Authorized end strength is the number of soldiers the Congress has authorized and funded for the end of the fiscal year.

ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL⁵⁰



Total through May 28, 2007: 435

TOP NON-US COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ⁵¹

| Coalition Country | Military Personnel in Iraq | As of (date) |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| United Kingdom | 5,500 | May 19, 2007 |
| South Korea | 1,200 | June 29, 2007 |
| Italy | 0 | December 2, 2006 |
| Poland | 900 | July 7, 2007 |
| Australia | 550 | July 9, 2007 |
| Georgia | 2,000 | July 9, 2007 |
| Romania | 600 | February 22, 2007 |
| Denmark | 460 | January 2, 2007 |
| Total Coalition Troops | ~11,451 | July 11, 2007 |

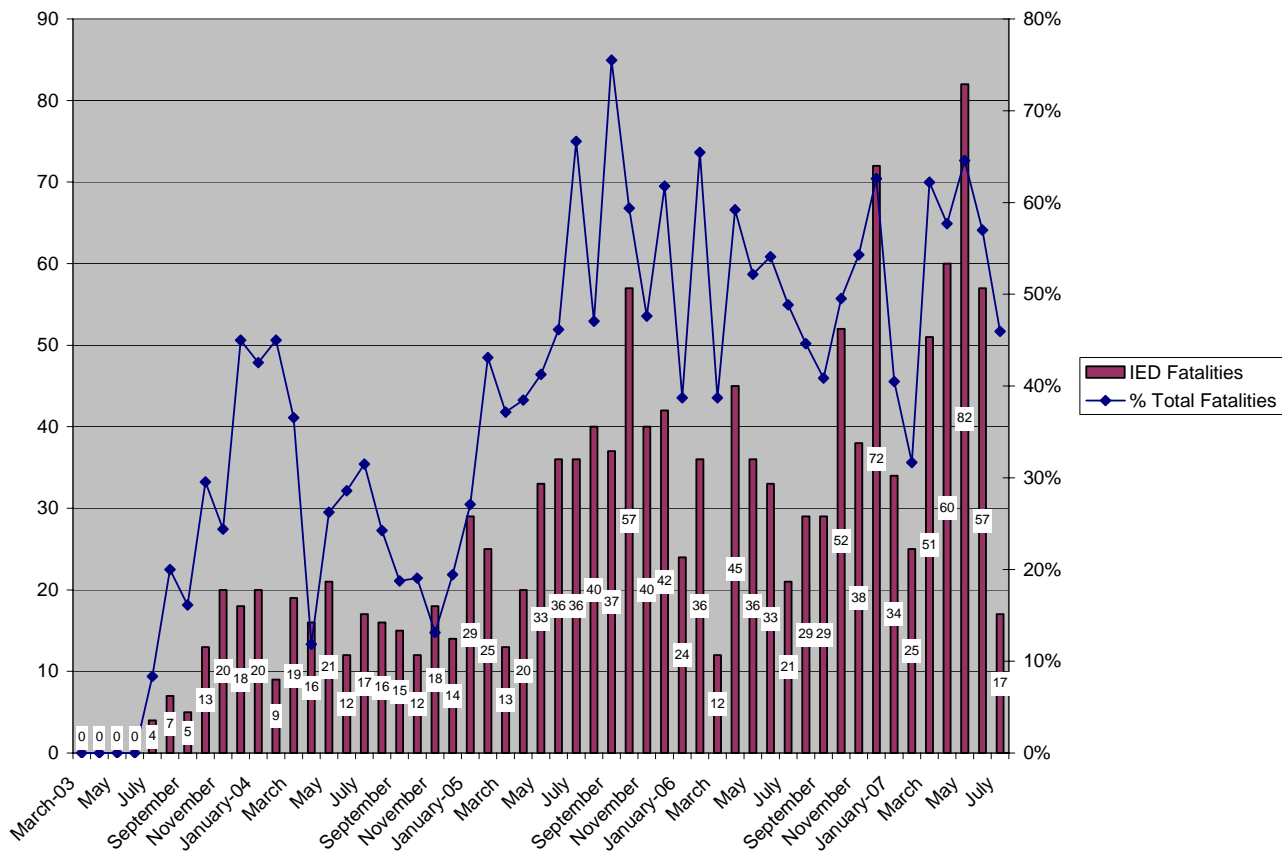
NOTE ON TOP NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE: *Number of Total Coalition Troops is from "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, July 11, 2007. In addition to the United States, 25 countries are contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations as of March 14, 2007: Albania, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia/Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Mongolia, Poland, Romania, Singapore, Slovakia, South Korea, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom. Fiji is participating as part of the UN mission in Iraq and Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia and Turkey are NATO countries supporting Iraqi stability operations but are not part of MNF-I. "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, January 24, 2007.

NUMBER OF DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS IN IRAQ BY PROVINCE⁵²

| Province | Number of Attacks per Day | | | | | | | Cumulative Average | % of Total |
|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|
| | Feb-June 05 | Aug 05- Jan 06 | Feb-May 06 | May-Aug 06 | Aug-Nov 06 | Nov 06-Feb 07 | Feb-May 07 | | |
| Baghdad | 20.3 | 21.0 | 28.9 | 30.3 | 39.5 | 44.8 | 50.7 | 33.6 | 29.2% |
| Al Anbar | 12.3 | 23.3 | 22.0 | 31.1 | 41.2 | 35.3 | 25.8 | 27.3 | 23.6% |
| Salah ad Din | 8.0 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 15.5 | 20.3 | 22.8 | 26.2 | 17.2 | 14.9% |
| Diyala | 3.1 | 5.4 | 8.3 | 14.5 | 15.7 | 16.8 | 21.8 | 12.2 | 10.6% |
| Ninawa | 10.4 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 15.0 | 10.4 | 9.0% |
| Al Tamim | 3.1 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 3.9% |
| Al Basrah | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 3.9 | 3.4% |
| Babil | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 1.8% |
| Maysan | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.5% |
| Al Qadisiyah | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 0.8% |
| Dhi Qar | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4% |
| Wasit | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5% |
| Karbala | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.3% |
| Al Muthanna | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.3% |
| An Najaf | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2% |
| Arbil | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2% |
| As Sulaymaniyah | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2% |
| Dahuk | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2% |
| TOTAL | 61.8 | 81.1 | 89.9 | 113.4 | 152.9 | 148.9 | 159.8 | 115.4 | |

NOTE ON CHART: Exact dates of analysis for each column are as follows: February 12-June 24, 2005; August 29, 2005-January 20, 2006; February 11-May 12, 2006; May 20-August 4, 2006; August 12-November 10, 2006; November 11, 2006-February 9, 2007; February 13-May 4, 2007.

U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES CAUSED BY IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES⁵³



Total through July 15, 2007: 1,417 (39.2% of all fatalities)

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS CONCERNING IED'S⁵⁴:

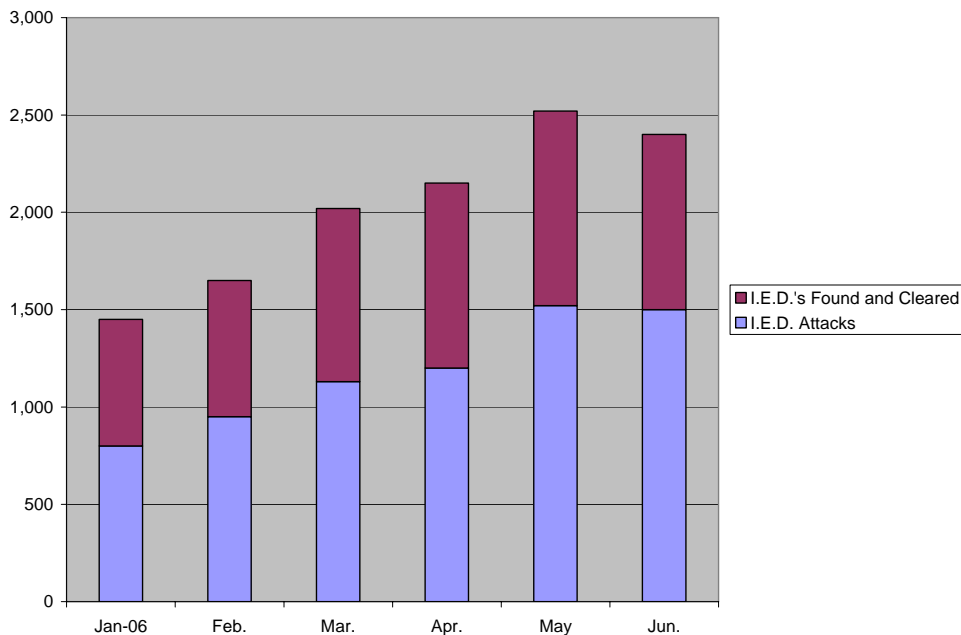
- *The Army reports that IED's are responsible for 80% of all soldier casualties (deaths and injuries)
- *Despite the enemy deploying twice as many IED's as a year ago, casualties have remained steady, with less than 10% causing casualties
- *This is because U.S. troops are now detecting and successfully disarming approximately 50% of IED's
- *The Pentagon is requesting an additional \$6.4 billion for its Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization (JIEDDO)
- *Explosively Formed Projectiles (EFP's), the most lethal type of IED, make up only 2% of all IED's found in Iraq but account for a "very large percentage" of U.S. soldiers killed by IED's, according to Col. Barry Shoop, chief scientist for the JIEDDO

NUMBER OF EXPLOSIVELY FORMED PROJECTILE (EFP) ATTACKS AGAINST U.S. TROOPS BY MONTH⁵⁵

| MONTH | NUMBER OF EFP ATTACKS |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| December 2006 | 62 |
| April 2007 | 65 |
| May | ~60 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: EFP's are technologically advanced IED's capable of penetrating armored vehicles. U.S. officials have asserted that because of the sophistication needed to correctly produce them, EFP's are manufactured in Iran and smuggled into Iraq. The figures for December 2006 and April 2007 were reported in the *Washington Post*, quoting Lt. Gen. Ray Odierno. In that same interview, Gen. Odierno stated that April's total eclipsed the previous high of December 2006. No other figures were given.

IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IED'S) DETONATED AND DISARMED
JANUARY – JUNE 2006

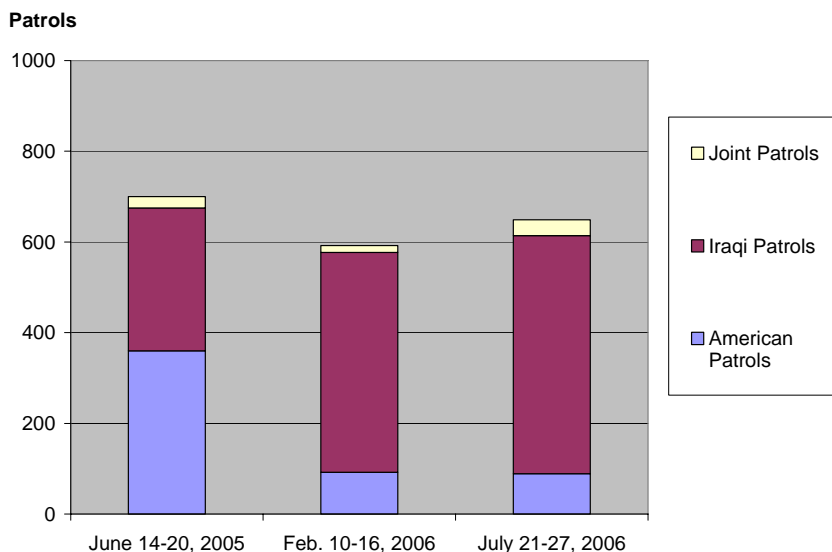


NOTE ON IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES: “In June, there were 1,481 I.E.D. attacks throughout Iraq, and 903 instances in which the bombs were found and neutralized, according to figures compiled by the American military in Baghdad. That is a sharp increase since January, when there were 834 such attacks and 620 cases in which the bombs were found before they exploded.” Michael Gordon, “A Platoon’s Mission: Seeking and Destroying Explosives in Disguise,” *The New York Times*, July 12, 2006. Numbers are author’s approximations based on data published in the *New York Times*.

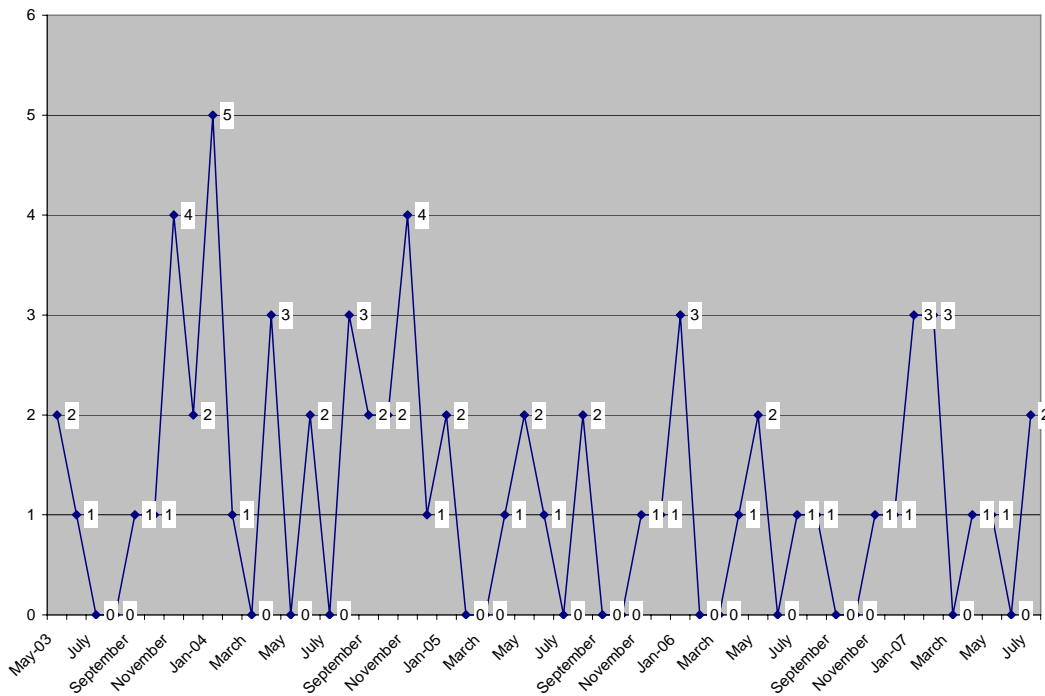
COALITION FORCES ABILITY TO FIND AND DISARM IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IEDs)⁵⁶

| Time | Percentage of IEDs found and disarmed |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| December 2003 | 40% |
| Nov. 04 – Feb. 05 | 38% |
| Feb. 05 – Aug. 05 | 37% |
| Aug. 05 – Feb. 06 | 38% |
| Feb. 06 – May 06 | 45% |
| July | 37% |

AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAILY PATROLS IN BAGHDAD⁵⁷



AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ⁵⁸



Total through July 15, 2007: 64

NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE: Of the 63 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 34 were downed by enemy fire. Of the three January 2006 crashes, two are still being investigated. One was shot down by enemy fire and is included above. We have counted one of the others as being downed by enemy fire as well, given the available evidence. Hostile fire is suspected in the July 2006 crash, but it has not been confirmed and therefore not counted as such. November 2006 crash is still under investigation.

INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS IN IRAQ⁵⁹

Since April 2003

| | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 2003 | 100,000 |
| 2004 | 200,000 |
| 2005 | 250,000 |
| 2006 | 685,000 |
| 2007 (through June) | 1,085,000 |

NOTE: Numbers are cumulative, but DO NOT include those displaced prior to March 2003 (approximately 1 million).

MIGRATION INDICATORS⁶⁰

May/June 2006

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| New Passports Issued Since August 2005 | More than 2 million |
| Letters Issued by Ministry of Education to Release Academic Records to Other Countries | 39,554 |
| Percent of professional class that has left since 2003 | 40% |

November 2006

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Iraqi Refugees living abroad | 1.8 million |
| Iraqi Refugees in Syria | 600,000 – 1 million |
| Iraqi Refugees in Jordan | 700,000 – 750,000 |
| Iraqi Refugees in Egypt, Lebanon, Iran | 175,000 – 200,000 |
| Refugees Seeking Asylum in Europe (first half of 2006) | 8,100 |

NOTE: Not all Iraqis refugees fled because of the current war.

REFUGEES AND ASYLUM SEEKERS⁶¹

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 2003-2004 | 366,000 |
| 2005 | 523,000 |
| 2006 | 911,000 |
| Total | 1,800,000 |

SIZE OF IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY⁶²

| Month | General Police Capabilities | National Guard | Iraqi Armed Forces | Border Patrol | Total Iraqi Security Forces |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
| May 2003 | 7,000 – 9,000 | N/A | 0 | N/A | 7,000 – 9,000 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| July | 30,000 | N/A | 0 | N/A | 30,000 |
| August | 34,000 | 670 | 0 | 2,500 | 37,170 |
| September | 37,000 | 2,500 | 0 | 4,700 | 44,200 |
| October | 55,000 | 4,700 | 700 | 6,400 | 66,800 |
| November | 68,800 | 12,700 | 900 | 12,400 | 94,800 |
| December | 71,600 | 15,200 | 400 | 12,900 | 99,600 |
| January 2004 | 66,900 | 19,800 | 1,100 | 21,000 | 108,800 |
| February | 77,100 | 27,900 | 2,000 | 18,000 | 125,000 |
| March | 75,000 | 33,560 | 3,005 | 23,426 | 134,991 |
| April | 80,016 | 23,123 | 2,367 | 18,747 | 124,253 |
| May | 90,803 | 24,873 | 3,939 | 16,097 | 135,712 |
| June | 83,789 | 36,229 | 7,116 | 18,183 | 145,317 |
| July | 31,300 | 36,229 | 7,700 | 19,859 | 95,088 |
| August | 32,942 | 37,925 | 6,288 | 14,313 | 91,468 |
| September | 40,152 | 36,496 | 7,747 | 14,313 | 98,708 |
| October | 44,728 | 41,261 | 6,861 | 18,148 | 110,998 |
| November | 49,455 | 43,445 | 6,013 | 14,593 | 113,506 |
| December | 53,571 | 40,115 | 14,500 | 14,267 | 118,009 |
| January 2005 | 58,964 | 36,827 | 14,796 | 14,786 | 125,373 |
| February | 82,072 “trained and equipped” | 59,689 “operational” | | N/A | 141,761 Trained and Effective: General Myers: 40,000 Senator Biden: 4,000 – 18,000 |
| March | 84,327 | 67,584 | | N/A | 151,618 Trained and Effective: Lt. Gen Petraeus: 50,000 “off-the-cuff” |
| April | 86,982 | 72,511 | | N/A | 159,493 |
| May | 91,256 | 76,971 | | N/A | 168,227 |
| June | 92,883 | 75,791 | | N/A | 168,674 |
| July | 94,800 | 79,100 | | N/A | 173,900 |
| August | 101,000 | 81,900 | | N/A | 26,000 in Army in level I and II 182,900 |
| September | 104,300 | 87,800 | | N/A | 192,100 ~ 30,000 in Army in level I and II ⁶³ |
| October ⁶⁴ | 111,000 | 100,000 | | N/A | 211,000 ~32,000 in level I and II ⁶⁵ |
| November | 112,000 | 102,000 | | N/A | 214,000 |
| December | 118,000 | 105,700 | | N/A | 223,700 |
| January 2006 | 120,400 | 106,900 | | N/A | 227,300 |
| February | 123,600 | 108,500 | | N/A | 232,100 ~46,000 MOD forces and 8,000 MOI forces in Level I and II ⁶⁶ |
| March | 134,800 | 115,700 | | N/A | 250,500 |
| April | 138,700 | 115,000 | | N/A | 253,700 |
| May | 145,500 | 117,900 | | N/A | 265,600 |
| June | 148,500 | 116,100 | | N/A | 264,600 |
| July | 154,500 | 115,100 | | N/A | 269,600 |
| August | 167,900 | 130,100 | | N/A | 298,000 |
| September | 176,200 | 131,600 | | N/A | 307,800 |
| October | 180,800 | 131,600 | | N/A | 312,400 |
| November | 188,300 | 134,700 | | N/A | 323,000 |
| December | 188,300 | 134,700 | | N/A | 323,000 |
| January 2007 | 188,300 | 134,700 | | N/A | 323,000 |
| February | 188,260 | 134,920 | | N/A | 323,180 |
| March | 193,300 | 136,500 | | N/A | 329,800 |
| April | 193,300 | 139,800 | | N/A | 333,100 |
| May | 194,200 | 154,500 | | N/A | 348,700 |
| June | 194,200 | 158,900 | | N/A | 353,100 |
| July | 194,200 | 158,900 | | N/A | 353,100 |
| Stated Goal | 188,000 ⁶⁷ | 137,000 ⁶⁸ | | | 325,000 by December 2006 ⁶⁹ |

NOTE ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY TABLE: Units in the top three levels are all operational – that is, capable of (and frequently engaged in) operations against the enemy. Units at level three are fighting alongside Coalition units. Level two units are “in the lead” – this level is the critical achievement that marks the point at which a unit can take over its own battle space. Units at level two can control their own areas of responsibility and, therefore, allow Coalition units to focus elsewhere.⁷⁰ Care should be taken when evaluating the quality of MOI forces as there have been various reports of Iraqi police units dominated by sectarian interests.

INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM⁷¹

| | |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Israel | 8.20 |
| Lebanon | 6.55 |
| Morocco | 5.20 |
| Iraq | 5.05 |
| Palestine | 5.05 |
| Kuwait | 4.90 |
| Tunisia | 4.60 |
| Jordan | 4.45 |
| Qatar | 4.45 |
| Egypt | 4.30 |
| Sudan | 4.30 |
| Yemen | 4.30 |
| Algeria | 4.15 |
| Oman | 4.00 |
| Bahrain | 3.85 |
| Iran | 3.85 |
| United Arab Emirates | 3.70 |
| Saudi Arabia | 2.80 |
| Syria | 2.80 |
| Libya | 2.05 |

NOTE ON INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TABLE: Each country is scored on a 10-point scale, with 1 being the lowest score and 10 the highest. Indicators of freedom include election of head of government, election of parliament, fairness of electoral laws, right to organize political parties, power of elected representatives, presence of an opposition, transparency, minority participation, level of corruption, freedom of assembly, independence of the judiciary, press freedom, religious freedom, rule of law and property rights.

INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM⁷²

| | | |
|------------|--------------|-------------|
| 149 | Gambia | 54.0 |
| - | Yemen | 54.0 |
| 151 | Belarus | 57.0 |
| 152 | Libya | 62.5 |
| 153 | Syria | 63.0 |
| 154 | Iraq | 66.8 |
| 155 | Vietnam | 67.3 |
| 156 | Laos | 67.5 |
| 157 | Pakistan | 70.3 |
| 158 | Uzbekistan | 71.0 |
| 159 | Nepal | 73.5 |
| 160 | Ethiopia | 75.0 |
| 161 | Saudi Arabia | 76.0 |
| 162 | Iran | 90.9 |
| 163 | China | 94.0 |
| 164 | Burma | 94.8 |
| 165 | Cuba | 95.0 |
| 166 | Eritrea | 97.5 |
| 167 | Turkmenistan | 98.5 |
| 168 | North Korea | 109.0 |

NOTE ON INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TABLE: The Index rated 168 countries based on a questionnaire with 50 criteria for assessing the state of press freedom in each country. It includes every kind of violation directly affecting journalists (such as murders, imprisonment, physical attacks and threats) and news media (censorship, confiscation issues, searches and harassment). In addition to taking into account abuses attributable to the state, those carried out by armed militias, clandestine organizations or pressure groups are also considered.

The lower the score attained, the higher the degree of press freedom in that respective country. Although there is no specific information given regarding how the overall score was compiled, the top-rated countries (Finland, Iceland, Ireland and the Netherlands) received an overall score of 0.50, with the median (Liberia) receiving a score of 19.0. The overall average score for the Index was 27.2.

POLITICAL PARTIES IN IRAQ⁷³

| | |
|--|----------|
| Registered for December 2005 elections | Over 300 |
|--|----------|

COUNCIL SEATS BY COALITION IN NEW IRAQI LEGISLATURE⁷⁴

As of January 2006

| Coalition | Total Seats | Designation | Parties | Leaders |
|------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| United Iraqi Alliance | 128 | Shiite Religious Coalition | Includes SCIRI, Dawa | Includes Abdul Aziz Hakim, Ibrahim Jafari |
| Kurdistan Coalition | 53 | Kurdish Secular Coalition | Includes KDP, PUK | Includes Jalal Talabani |
| Iraqi Accordance Front | 44 | Sunni Religious Coalition | Includes General Conference of the People of Iraq, National Dialogue Council, Iraqi Islamic Party | Includes Adnan Dulaimi, Khalaf Elayan, Tariq Hashimi |
| National Iraqi List | 25 | Shiite / Sunni Secular Coalition | Various | Ayad Allawi |
| Other | 25 | Other | Iraqi National Dialogue Front (11), Islamic Union of Kurdistan (5), Liberation and Reconciliation Bloc (3), Message Carriers (2), Mithal Alousi List for the Iraqi Nation (1), Iraqi Turkoman Front (1), Yezidi Movement for Progress and Reform (1), Al Rafadeen List (1) | |

ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS

FUEL⁷⁵

| Time | Fuel supplies available | | | | | | Overall fuel supplies as percentage of goal during that month (the goals have shifted) |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Millions of barrels/day | | Millions of liters/day | | | Tons/day | |
| | Crude oil production | Crude oil export | Diesel (Prod. & Imp.) | Kerosene (Prod. & Imp.) | Gasoline/Benzene (Prod. & Imp) | Liquid Petroleum Gas (Prod. & Imp.) | |
| Estimated prewar level | 2.5 (pre-war peak) | 1.7-2.5 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| May 2003 | 0.3 | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 10 % |
| June | 0.675 | 0.2 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 23% |
| July | 0.925 | 0.322 ⁷⁶ | 6.5 | 4.75 | 13.5 | 1,880 | 44% |
| August | 1.445 | 0.646 ⁷⁷ | 10.25 | 6.2 | 14.0 | 2,530 | 57% |
| September | 1.7225 | 0.983 ⁷⁸ | 14.25 | 6.9 | 17.3 | 3,030 | 70% |
| October | 2.055 | 1.149 ⁷⁹ | 14.75 | 9.6 | 16.35 | 3,700 | 78% |
| November | 2.1 | 1.524 ⁸⁰ | 13.14 | 13.3 | 11.792 | 3,610 | 76% |
| December | 2.30 | 1.541 ⁸¹ | 12.29 | 9.4 | 12.9 | 3,460 | 72% |
| January 2004 | 2.440 | 1.537 | 13.91 | 11.3 | 13.32 | 3,445 | 78% |
| February | 2.276 | 1.382 ⁸² | 15.21 | 13.05 | 16.65 | 4,670 | 88% |
| March | 2.435 | 1.825 ⁸³ | 15.03 | 17.28 | 17.19 | 5,010 | 92% |
| April | 2.384 | 1.804 ⁸⁴ | 22.75 | 4.46 | 19.3 | 3,607 | 79% |
| May | 1.887 | 1.380 ⁸⁵ | 22.92 | 4.005 | 18.07 | 3,264 | 73% |
| June | 2.295 | 1.148 ⁸⁶ | 16.47 | 4.9 | 22 | 3,086 | 75% |
| July | 2.2 | 1.406 ⁸⁷ | 17.95 | 5.75 | 22.3 | 3,820 | 80% |
| August | 2.112 | 1.114 ⁸⁸ | 16 | 4.2 | 15.1 | 3,417 | 84% |
| September | 2.514 | 1.703 | 16.35 | 6.35 | 14.6 | 2,707 | 72% |
| October | 2.46 | 1.542 | 16.15 | 7.95 | 18.6 | 3,044 | 80% |
| November | 1.95 | 1.320 | 16.5 | 7.7 | 17.9 | 3,324 | 77% |
| December | 2.16 | 1.520 | 18.3 | 10.5 | 17.6 | 4,222 | 88% |
| January 2005 | 2.10 | 1.367 | 12.7 | 6.7 | 20.65 | 5,017 | 75% |
| February | 2.10 | 1.431 | 15.9 | 8.55 | 21.2 | 5,003 | 84% |
| March | 2.09 | 1.394 | 19.7 | 8.05 | 20.3 | 4,894 | 93% |
| April | 2.14 | 1.398 | 18.3 | 7.6 | 23.7 | 5,219 | 97% |
| May | 2.1 | 1.308 | 22.2 | 4.4 | 22.5 | 5,030 | 93% |
| June | 2.17 | 1.377 | 18.9 | 6.25 | 18.3 | 5,137 | 97% |
| July | 2.17 | 1.550 | 19.9 | 5.9 | 23.9 | 4,474 | 97% |
| August | 2.16 | 1.504 | 19.3 | 5.2 | 23.8 | 5,072 | 96% |
| September ⁸⁹ | 2.11 | 1.60 | 17.3 | 4.4 | 20.9 | 4,888 | 87% |
| October | 1.91 | 1.239 | 17.0 | 8.6 | 18.9 | 4,784 | 90% |
| November | 1.98 | 1.168 | 17.3 | 8.2 | 19.9 | 5,526 | 88% |
| December | 1.92 | 1.071 | 16.1 | 8.0 | 17.5 | 5,046 | 81% |
| January 2006 | 1.73 | 1.05 | 14.0 | 6.3 | 18.1 | 3,716 | 72% |
| February | 1.83 | 1.47 | 10.1 | 5.0 | 12.2 | 2,263 | 55% |
| March | 2.1 | 1.32 | 12.0 | 5.7 | 14.9 | 2,798 | 65% |
| April | 2.14 | 1.60 | 13.5 | 4.5 | 16.9 | 2,855 | 67% |
| May | 2.13 | 1.51 | 15.2 | 4.8 | 17.4 | 3,577 | 82% |
| June | 2.30 | 1.67 | 15.7 | 4.3 | 16.1 | 3,217 | 80% |
| July | 2.22 | 1.68 | 11.0 | 2.78 | 13.3 | 1,719 | 52% |
| August | 2.24 | 1.68 | 12.4 | 4.47 | 16.5 | 3,242 | 71% |
| September | 2.34 | 1.65 | 13.4 | 6.0 | 18.3 | 3,270 | 77% |
| October | 2.26 | 1.55 | 10.8 | 4.7 | 15.4 | 3,102 | 57% |
| November | 2.10 | 1.44 | 11.1 | 6.4 | 13.9 | 2,747 | 54% |
| December ⁹⁰ | 2.15 | 1.45 | 10.7 | 8.1 | 9.8 | 2,544 | 55% |
| January 2007 | 1.66 | 1.30 | 10.6 | 4.4 | 11.2 | 2,945 | 52% |
| February | 2.08 | 1.50 | 11.3 | 5.7 | 13.0 | 3,101 | 61% |
| March | 2.08 | 1.58 | 8.3 | 4.2 | 12.1 | 2,598 | 57% |
| April | 2.14 | 1.50 | 12.8 | 5.3 | 13.8 | 2,841 | 66% |
| May | 2.03 | 1.64 | 9.2 | 3.5 | 12.1 | 2,010 | 56% |
| June | 2.00 | 1.47 | 9.7 | 3.7 | 11.0 | 2,282 | 57% |
| July | 2.07 | 1.64 | 8.7 | 2.6 | 12.5 | 3,431 | 60% |
| Stated Interim Goal: | 2.1 revised down from 2.5 in January 2007 | N/A | 22.4 revised down from 23.1 in May 2007 | 7.5 revised up from 7.0 in May 2007 | 21.0 revised down from 21.5 in May 2007 | 5,130 Revised up from 5,080 in May 2007 | We assume that supplies for each category cannot exceed 100% of goal |

NOTE ON FUEL TABLE: Above data as of July 8, 2007. The ratio of Iraq price to international price is 4.0 for LPG, 3.0 for regular and 6.9 for premium gasoline, 0.7 for kerosene and 1.5 for diesel.⁹¹ Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous month+s cover only production.

OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS⁹²

| Time | Oil revenue (\$ billions) |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| June 2003 | 0.2 |
| July | 0.36 |
| August | 0.44 |
| September | 0.73 |
| October | 0.89 |
| November | 1.21 |
| December | 1.26 |
| January 2004 | 1.26 |
| February | 1.10 |
| March | 1.61 |
| April | 1.50 |
| May | 1.36 |
| June | 1.28 |
| July | 1.40 |
| August | 1.24 |
| September | 1.75 |
| October | 1.99 |
| November | 1.25 |
| December | 1.44 |
| January 2005 | 1.49 |
| February | 1.34 |
| March | 1.99 |
| April | 1.83 |
| May | 1.57 |
| June | 2.03 |
| July | 2.47 |
| August | 2.63 |
| September | 2.74 |
| October | 1.90 |
| November | 1.67 |
| December | 1.60 |
| January 2006 | 1.84 |
| February | 2.16 |
| March | 2.25 |
| April | 3.02 |
| May | 2.92 |
| June | 3.03 |
| July | 3.41 |
| August | 3.44 |
| September | 2.73 |
| October | 2.45 |
| November | 2.19 |
| December | 2.46 |
| January 2007 | 1.89 |
| February | 2.11 |
| March | 2.75 |
| April | 2.75 |
| May | 3.05 |
| June | 2.87 |
| June | 0.68 |
| Total as of July 8, 2007 | \$94.0 |

ELECTRICITY⁹³

| Time | Average amount of electricity generated (Megawatts) | | Average hours of electricity/day | | Average of megawatt hours (MWH) |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|
| | Nation-wide | Baghdad | Nationwide | Baghdad | |
| Estimated prewar level | 3,958 | 2,500 | 4-8 | 16-24 | 95,000 |
| May 2003 | 500 | 300 | 4-8 | 4-8 | N/A |
| June | 3,193 | 707 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| July | 3,236 | 1,082 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| August | 3,263 | 1,283 | N/A | N/A | 72,435 |
| September | 3,543 | 1,229 | N/A | N/A | 75,000 |
| October | 3,948 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 79,000 |
| November | 3,582 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 70,000 |
| December | 3,427 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 72,000 |
| January 2004 | 3,758 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 79,000 |
| February | 4,125 | 1,307 | 13 | 13.4 | 90,000 |
| March | 4,040 | 1,192 | 16 | 16.4 | 86,000 |
| April | 3,823 | 1,021 | 15 | 14.8 | 78,000 |
| May | 3,902 | 1,053 | 11 | 12.2 | 80,000 |
| June | 4,293 | 1,198 | 10 | 11 | 93,500 |
| July | 4,584 | N/A | 10 | 12 | 100,300 |
| August | 4,707 | 1,440 | 13 | 15 | 109,900 |
| September | 4,467 | 1,485 | 13 | 14 | 107,200 |
| October | 4,074 | 1,280 | 13 | 16 | 99,306 |
| November | 3,199 | 845 | 13 | N/A | 76,550 |
| December | 3,380 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 81,114 |
| January 2005 | 3,289 | 985 | 9 | 9.0 | 78,925 |
| February | 3,611 | 1,180 | 8.5 | 10.3 | 86,675 |
| March | 3,627 | 994 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 87,051 |
| April | 3,390 | 854 | 9 | 11.5 | 81,350 |
| May | 3,712 | N/A | 8.4 | 9.5 | 89,088 |
| June | 4,153 | N/A | 9.4 | 10.4 | 102,525 |
| July | 4,446 | N/A | 12.6 | 10.9 | 106,713 |
| August | 4,049 | N/A | 12.0 | 8.4 | 97,165 |
| September | 4,159 | N/A | 13.5 | 10.4 | 101,916 |
| October | 3,685 | N/A | 14.3 | 8.9 | 88,442 |
| November* | 3,742 | N/A | 13.3 | 8.8 | 89,800 |
| December** | 3,800 | N/A | 12.0 | 6.1 | 91,400 |
| January 2006 | 3,640 | N/A | 9.8 | 4.0 | 87,400 |
| February | 3,700 | N/A | 10.3 | 5.9 | 88,600 |
| March | 4,000 | N/A | 13.1 | 7.8 | 96,300 |
| April | 3,700 | N/A | 10.9 | 4.5 | 88,500 |
| May | 3,900 | N/A | 9.9 | 3.9 | 92,700 |
| June | 4,400 | N/A | 11.9 | 8.0 | 106,100 |
| July | 4,400 | N/A | 11.4 | 7.0 | 106,700 |
| August | 4,430 | N/A | 10.9 | 6.2 | 106,400 |
| September | 4,000 | N/A | 10.8 | 5.3 | 95,600 |
| October | 4,000 | N/A | 12.3 | 6.7 | 96,600 |
| November | 3,700 | N/A | 10.9 | 6.9 | 88,000 |
| December | 3,500 | N/A | 9.2 | 6.7 | 85,968 |
| January 2007 | 3,590 | N/A | 8.0 | 4.4 | 86,100 |
| February | 3,600 | N/A | 9.3 | 6.0 | 86,500 |
| March | 3,600 | N/A | 10.9 | 6.0 | 86,400 |
| April | 3,830 | N/A | 11.7 | 5.8 | 91,930 |
| May | 3,720 | N/A | 10.9 | 5.6 | 89,245 |
| June | 4,200 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 100,728 |
| July | 4,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 96,000 |
| Stated Goal: | 6,000 to have been reached by July 1, 2004 | 2,500 to have been reached by October 2003 | US Interim Target: 10-12 hours National Target: 24 hours | US Interim Target: 10-12 hours National Target: 24 hours | 120,000 |

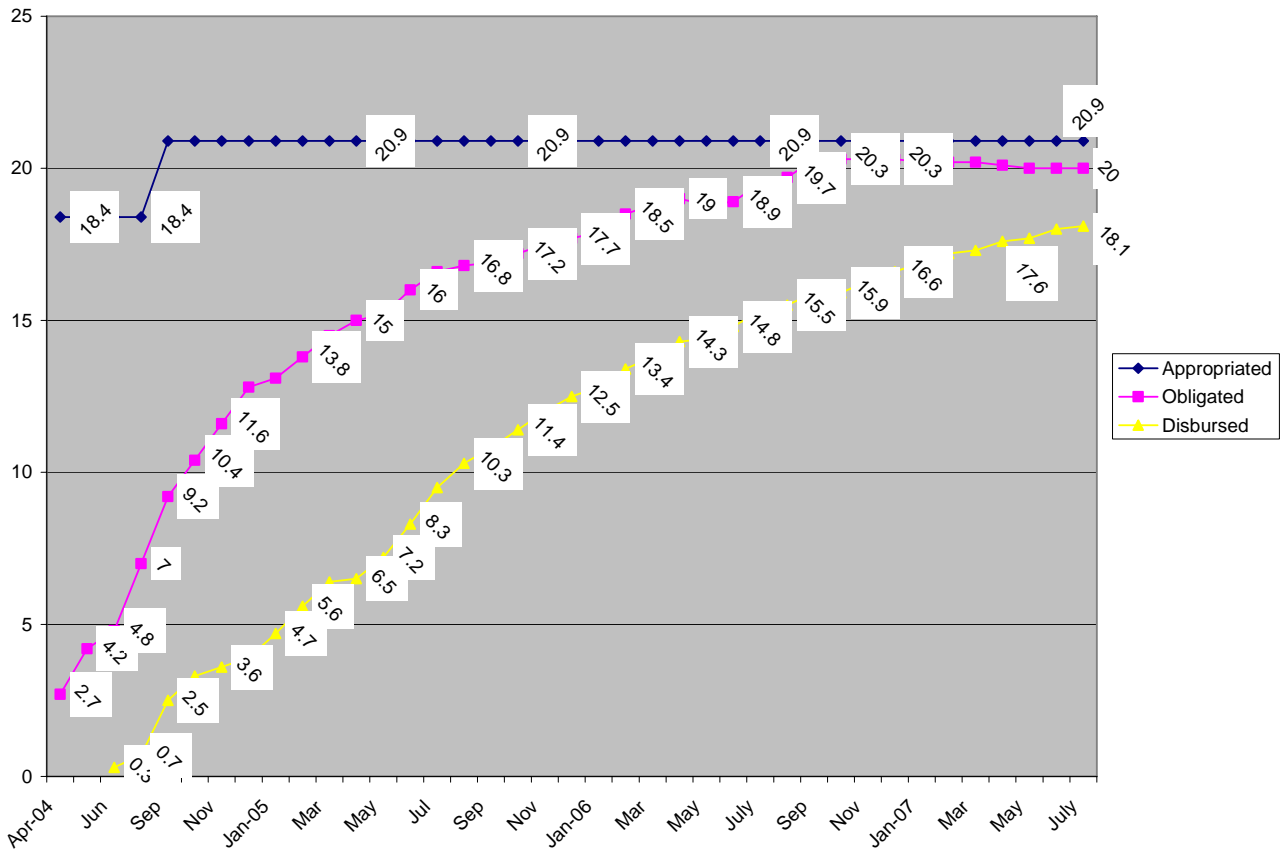
NOTE ON ELECTRICITY TABLE: The demand for electricity ranges from 8,500 to 9,000 MW nationwide. Currently, at least 2,000 MW are provided off-grid by private owners of small generators.⁹⁴ As of May 3, 2007, the U.S. State Department's *Iraq Weekly Status Report* discontinued its reporting of average hours of available electricity in Baghdad and nationwide. **Above data as of July 10, 2007.**

NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY, 2003⁹⁵

| Month | Unemployment Rate Nation-wide |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| May 2003 | N/A |
| June | 50 – 60% |
| July | N/A |
| August | 50-60% |
| September | N/A |
| October | 40 – 50% |
| November | N/A |
| December | 45-55% |
| January 2004 | 30 – 45% |
| February | 30 – 45% |
| March | 30- 45% |
| April | 30 – 45% |
| May | 30-45% |
| June | 30-40% |
| July | 30-40% |
| August | 30-40% |
| September | 30-40% |
| October | 30-40% |
| November | 30-40% |
| December | 28-40% |
| January 2005 | 27-40% |
| February | 27-40% |
| March | 27-40% |
| April | 27-40% |
| May | 27-40% |
| June | 27-40% |
| July | 27-40% |
| August | 27-40% |
| September | 27-40% |
| October | 27-40% |
| November | 25-40% |
| December | 25-40% |
| January 2006 | 25-40% |
| February | 25-40% |
| March | 25-40% |
| April | 25-40% |
| May | 25-40% |
| June | 25-40% |
| July | 25-40% |
| August | 25-40% |
| September | 25-40% |
| October | 25-40% |
| November | 25-40% |
| December | 25-40% |
| January 2007 | 25-40% |
| February | 25-40% |
| March | 25-40% |
| April | 25-40% |
| May | 25-40% |

NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE: Estimates of Iraq's unemployment rate varies, but we estimate it to be between 25-40%. The CPA has referred to a 25% unemployment rate, the Iraqi Ministry of Planning mentioned a 30% unemployment rate, whereas the Iraqi Ministry of Social Affairs claims it to be 48%. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. N/A= Not available

AMERICAN AID APPROPRIATED, OBLIGATED AND DISBURSED TOWARDS THE IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND (IRRF I & II)⁹⁶



NOTE: As of July 11, 2007. An ‘appropriation’ is defined as a plan, approved by the Office of Management and Budget, to spend resources provided by law. *Quarterly Update to Congress: 2207 Report*, October 2004. An ‘obligation’ can be defined as “a definite commitment which creates a legal liability of the Government for the payment of appropriated funds for goods and services ordered or received.”

GAO/OGC-91-5: *Principles of Federal Appropriations Law*, Office of the General Council, July 1991. A ‘disbursement’ is an actual payment (check goes out the door) for goods/services received. *GAO-04-902 R: Rebuilding Iraq*, General Accounting Office, June 2004.

PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TO IRAQ BY COUNTRY, AS OF MARCH 31, 2007⁹⁷

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Australia | 126,633,195 |
| Austria | 5,478,165 |
| Belgium | 5,890,500 |
| Bulgaria | 640,000 |
| Canada | 187,466,454 |
| China | 25,000,000 |
| Cyprus | 117,810 |
| Czech Republic | 14,659,023 |
| Denmark | 66,952,384 |
| Democratic Governance Thematic Trust Fund | 100,000 |
| Estonia | 82,467 |
| Finland | 5,890,500 |
| France | 32,288 |
| Germany | 10,000,000 |
| Greece | 3,534,300 |
| Hungary | 1,237,005 |
| Iceland | 2,500,000 |
| India | 10,000,000 |
| Iran | 10,000,000 |
| Ireland | 3,534,300 |
| Italy | 235,620,020 |
| Japan | 4,964,000,000 |
| Jordan | 75,000 |
| South Korea | 200,000,000 |
| Kuwait | 565,000,000 |
| Lithuania | 30,000 |
| Luxembourg | 2,356,200 |
| Malta | 27,000 |
| Netherlands | 9,424,801 |
| New Zealand | 4,341,975 |
| Norway | 12,867,617 |
| Oman | 3,000,000 |
| Pakistan | 2,500,000 |
| Qatar | 100,000,000 |
| Saudi Arabia | 500,000,000 |
| Slovenia | 419,382 |
| Spain | 222,380,000 |
| Sri Lanka | 75,500 |
| Sweden | 33,000,000 |
| Turkey | 50,000,000 |
| United Arab Emirates | 215,000,000 |
| United Kingdom | 642,326,416 |
| Vietnam | 700,000 |
| <i>Subtotal</i> | <i>8,252,892,302</i> |
| European Commission | 905,300,000 |
| <i>Subtotal</i> | <i>9,158,192,302</i> |
| INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS | |
| IMF (low range) | 2,550,000,000 |
| World Bank (low range) | 3,000,000,000 |
| Islamic Development Bank | 500,000,000 |
| <i>Subtotal</i> | <i>6,050,000,000</i> |
| TOTAL (Without the United States) | \$15,208,192,302 |

NOTES ON PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TABLE: The World Bank, United Nations and CPA estimated Iraq will need \$56 billion for reconstruction and stabilization efforts from 2004 to 2007, but that estimate is probably too low.⁹⁸ **UPDATE ON 2003 MADRID CONFERENCE PLEDGES:** Of the \$13.5 billion pledged by donors other than the United States, \$3.2 billion has been disbursed as of December 2005. Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq February 2006, Report to Congress in Accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2006 (Section 9010), page 14.

GDP ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, 2002-2008⁹⁹

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 e | 2006 p | 2007 p | 2008 p |
|---|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Nominal GDP (in USD billion) | 20.5 | 13.6 | 25.7 | 34.5 | 48.5 | | |
| Of which non-oil GDP (%) | 32.0 | 32.0 | 30.4 | 30.6 | 33.1 | | |
| Per Capita GDP (USD) | 802 | 518 | 949 | 1,237 | 1,687 | | |
| Real GDP (% change) | -7.8 | -41.4 | 46.5 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Overall Fiscal Balance (in % of GDP) | * | * | -40.6 | 9.8 | -6.1 | | |
| Consumer Price Inflation (annual %) | 19.0 | 34.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 50.0 | | |

(e): IMF Estimates, (p): projections, *: Not Available

NOTE ON TABLE: 2007 and 2008 Real GDP Growth projections are provided by the authors and disagree with the figures released by the IMF and World Bank of 14.4% and 12.9% growth, respectively.

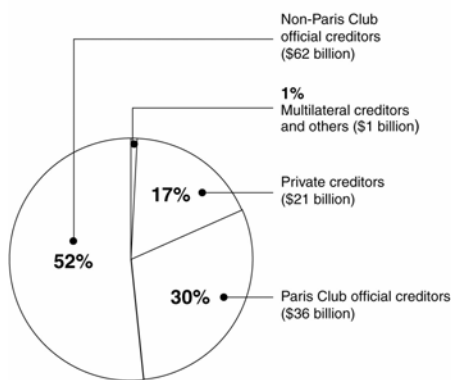
ANNUAL IRAQ BUDGET AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES THROUGH AUGUST 2006¹⁰⁰

| Ministry | 2006 Annual Budget | | | Expenditures thru August 2006 | | |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Capital Goods | Capital Projects | Total Budget | Capital Goods | Capital Projects | Total Budget |
| Finance | \$10 | \$33 | \$16,506 | \$1 | \$74 | \$8,895 |
| Planning | 4 | 27 | 55 | 0.4 | 3 | 9 |
| Interior | 233 | 27 | 1,919 | 25 | 0.2 | 958 |
| Defense | 864 | 33 | 3,443 | 12 | 0 | 831 |
| Oil | 2 | 3,533 | 3,590 | 0.4 | 4 | 40 |
| Electricity | 4 | 767 | 840 | 0.3 | 267 | 279 |
| Water | 0.2 | 200 | 259 | 0 | 49 | 78 |
| Justice | 3 | 10 | 74 | 2 | 0.2 | 34 |
| Others | 272 | 1,552 | 7,290 | 77 | 480 | 3,501 |
| Total | \$1,392 | \$6,181 | \$33,975 | \$117 | \$87 | \$14,623 |
| | | | | 8.4% | 14.2% | 43.0% |

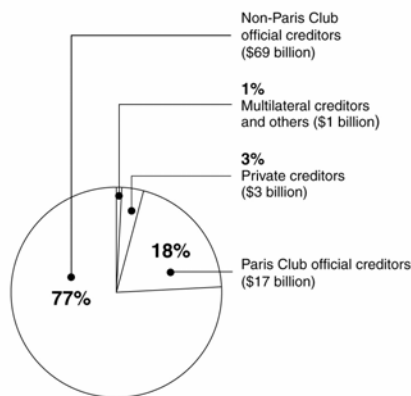
NOTE ON THIS TABLE: The issue the GAO report is attempting to shed light on is the lack of clear budget and procurement rules in Iraq and the affect this has on various Ministries' ability to spend their capital budgets.

CHANGE IN IRAQ'S DEBT, 2004 to 2006¹⁰¹

Total debt 2004 = \$120 billion



Total debt 2006 = \$89 billion



Source: GAO analysis of International Monetary Fund and U.S. Treasury Department data.

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Summations may differ from totals due to rounding. Non-Paris Club official creditor debt is based on estimates since it has not been reconciled. The estimate of this debt for 2004 was made by the IMF, while the estimate for 2006 was provided by the U.S. Treasury Department.

ESTIMATED APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR OPERATIONS IN IRAQ AND THE WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001 TO 2007¹⁰²

| | | By Fiscal Year, in Billions of Dollars | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 ^a | Total |
| Military Operations and Other Defense Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| | Iraq ^b | 0 | 0 | 46 | 68 | 53 | 87 | 52 | 306 |
| | Other ^c | 14 | 18 | 34 | 21 | 18 | 24 | 14 | 142 |
| | Subtotal | 14 | 18 | 80 | 88 | 70 | 111 | 67 | 448 |
| Indigenous Security Forces^d | | | | | | | | | |
| | Iraq | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 16 |
| | Afghanistan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| | Subtotal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 20 |
| Diplomatic Operations and Foreign Aid | | | | | | | | | |
| | Iraq | 0 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 22 |
| | Other | * | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 12 |
| | Subtotal | * | 2 | 8 | 17 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 34 |
| | Total | 14 | 19 | 88 | 111 | 81 | 120 | 70 | 503 |

Notes: Details may not add up to totals because of rounding.

* = between zero and \$500 million.

a. At the current rate of military operations, the funding provided to date in 2007 will not be sufficient to pay for all costs that will be incurred this fiscal year. Consequently, additional appropriations will probably be provided in 2007.

b. The Congressional Budget Office estimated funding provided for Operation Iraqi Freedom by allocating funds on the basis of obligations reported by the Department of Defense (DoD). For more information about funding for Operation Iraqi Freedom, see Congressional Budget Office, *Estimated Costs of U.S. Operations in Iraq Under Two Specified Scenarios* (July 13, 2006).

c. Includes Operation Enduring Freedom (involving operations in and around Afghanistan), Operation Noble Eagle (for homeland security missions, such as combat air patrols, in the United States), the restructuring of Army and Marine Corps units, classified activities other than those funded by appropriations for the Iraq Freedom Fund, and other operations. (For fiscal years 2005 through 2007, funding for Operation Noble Eagle has been intermingled with regular appropriations for the Department of Defense; that funding is not included in this table because it cannot be identified separately.)

d. Funding for indigenous security forces, which was appropriated in accounts for diplomatic operations and foreign aid (budget function 150) in 2004 and in accounts for defense (budget function 050) since 2005, is used to train and equip local military and police units in Iraq and Afghanistan.

INFLATION¹⁰³

| Time | Inflation |
|------|-----------|
| 2003 | 36% |
| 2004 | 32% |
| 2005 | 20% |
| 2006 | 50% |

NOTE ON INFLATION: According to the U.S. Department of Defense's quarterly report on Iraq for March 2007, fuel shortages contributed to the increase in inflation for 2006. A liter of petrol jumped from 50 dinars per liter to 400 dinars from the end of 2005 to early 2007.

OTHER ECONOMIC INDICATORS

| | |
|--|---|
| Foreign banks granted licenses that have started operations in Iraq ¹⁰⁴ | 0 |
| Percent of Iraq's export earnings from oil ¹⁰⁵ | 98% (~ \$21 billion) |
| Oil Export Peak ¹⁰⁶ | April 2004, 1.8 million barrels per day (2005 average is 1.4 million bpd) |
| Cost of Imported Gasoline ¹⁰⁷ | 30-35 cents per liter |
| Domestic Price of Gasoline | 1.5 cents per liter |

TRAINED JUDGES¹⁰⁸

| Time | Number of trained judges |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| May 2003 | 0 |
| June 2004 | 175 |
| May 2005 | 351 |
| October | 351 |
| May 2006 | <800 |
| August | 740 |
| November | 800 |
| January 2007 | 870 |

NOTE ON TRAINED JUDGES CHART: As of October 2005, all provincial courts are operational and there exist 99 trained judicial investigators. 135 of 869 judges were removed because of substantial evidence of corruption or Ba'ath Party affiliation.¹⁰⁹ The estimated need for is for 1,500 judges according to the US Department of Justice.¹¹⁰

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS¹¹¹

| Time | Telephone subscribers |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Estimated prewar level | 833,000 |
| September | 600,000 |
| December | 600,000 |
| January 2004 | 600,000 |
| February | 900,000 |
| March | 984,225 |
| April | 1,095,000 |
| May | 1,220,000 |
| June | 1,200,000 |
| July | N/A |
| August | 1,463,148 |
| September | 1,579,457 |
| October | 1,753,000 |
| November | 2,135,000 |
| December | 2,152,000 |
| January 2005 | 2,449,139 |
| February | 2,569,110 |
| March | 2,982,115 |
| April | 3,172,771 |
| May | ~3,450,000 |
| June | 3,801,822 |
| July | ~4,100,000 |
| August | 4,590,398 |
| March 2006 | 6,836,854 |
| April | ~7,400,000 |
| August | ~8,100,000 |
| September | ~8,200,000 |
| October | ~8,200,000 |
| November | ~8,500,000 |
| December | ~9,800,000 |
| January 2007 | ~9,800,000 |
| April | ~9,830,000 |
| Previous goal (Jan. 2004) | 1,100,000 |

NOTE ON TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS TABLE: The estimated pre-war level represents only land telephone lines, as Iraq had no nationwide cellular network. Post-war data includes landlines and cellular subscribers. Since landline subscribers have held fairly steady at 800,000-1,000,000 since July 2004, cellular subscribers make up the overwhelming majority of post-war telephone subscribers.

INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS¹¹²

| Time | Internet subscribers (does not include unregulated users of Internet cafes) |
|------------------------|--|
| Estimated prewar level | 4,500 |
| September 2003 | 4,900 |
| January-April 2004 | N/A |
| May | 54,000 |
| June | 59,000 |
| July | 73,000 |
| August | 87,000 |
| September | 95,000 |
| October | 102,978 |
| November | 110,000 |
| January 2005 | 124,293 |
| March | 147,076 |
| April 2006 | 208,000 |
| August | 197,310 |
| November | 194,420 |
| January 2007 | 230,000 |
| April | 261,000 |

MEDIA¹¹³

| Time | Commercial TV stations | Commercial radio stations | Independent newspapers and magazines |
|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Prewar | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May 2003 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| June 2004 | 13 | 74 | 150 |
| January 2005 | 10 | 51 | 100 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 200 |
| April | 24 | 80 | 170 |
| May | 23 | 80 | 170 |
| July | 29 | N/A | 170 |
| September | 44 | 72 | Over 100 |
| December | 44 | 91 | 294 |
| March 2006 | 54 | 114 | 268 |

DOCTORS IN IRAQ¹¹⁴

| | |
|---|---|
| Iraqi Physicians Registered Before the 2003 Invasion | 34,000 |
| Iraqi Physicians Who Have Left Iraq Since the 2003 Invasion | 12,000 (estimate) |
| Iraqi Physicians Murdered Since 2003 Invasion | 2,000 |
| Iraqi Physicians Kidnapped | 250 |
| Average Salary of an Iraqi Physician | 7.5 million Iraqi dinars per year (or ~\$5,100 per year) |
| Annual Graduates from Iraqi Medical Schools | 2,250 |
| Percentage of Above That Will Work Outside of Iraq | 20% |

NOTE: Numbers are estimates.

NUMBER OF REGISTERED CARS¹¹⁵

| | |
|--------------|-------------|
| Pre-War | 1.5 million |
| October 2005 | 3.1 million |

CURRENT WATER PROJECTS OUTPUTS VS. CPA GOALS¹¹⁶

| Output Metric | Pre-War Level (2003) | Stated Goal by CPA (2003) | Status as of 3/21/2006 | Anticipated End-State |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Water – People with Potable Water Availability | 12.9 Million | 23.4 Million | 9.7 Million 4.2 Million added* | 13.9 Million 8.4 Million added |
| Sewerage – People with Sewerage System Coverage | 6.2 Million | 2.5 Million | 5.6 Million 5.1 Million added* | 5.8 Million 5.3 Million added |
| Water Treatment Capacity | 3 Million m ³ /day | 10 Million m ³ /day | 1.3 Million m ³ /day | 2.5 Million m ³ /day |

NOTES ON CURRENT WATER PROJECTS TABLE: Outputs include total added since war and include IRRF and other funding streams.

EDUCATION INDICATORS¹¹⁷

| | |
|--|--|
| Number of Children Enrolled in Primary Schools Nationwide | 2002: 3.5 million |
| | 2005: 3.7 million (5.7% increase) |
| Number of Children Enrolled in Middle Schools and High Schools Nationwide | 2002: 1.1 million |
| | 2005: 1.4 million (27% increase) |
| Percent of High School aged Iraqis Enrolled in School in 2003 | 33% |
| Percent of High School aged Iraqi BOYS enrolled in 2004 | 50% |
| Percent of High School aged Iraqi GIRLS enrolled in 2004 | 35% |
| Percent of Iraq’s 3.5 million students attending class (April 2007) | 30% |

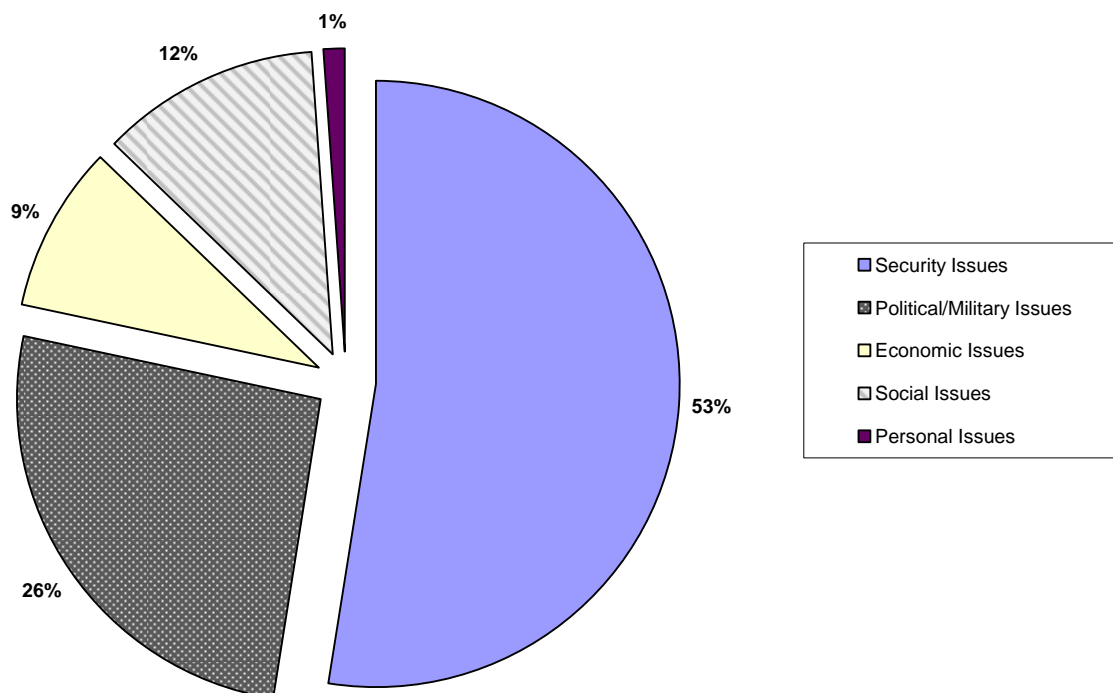
NOTE ON EDUCATION INDICATORS: Education numbers do not include the Kurdish regions, which are administratively separate. Iraq’s population increased to 26 million (8% increase) from 2002 to 2005. Sabrina Tavernise, “Amid Iraqi Chaos, Schools Fill After Long Decline,” *New York Times*, June 26, 2006.

POLLING/POLITICS

IRAQ: WHERE THINGS STAND 2007¹¹⁸

*Conducted by D3 Systems for the BBC, ABC News, ARD German TV and USA Today
(2,212 Iraqi adults from throughout the country were interviewed)*

QUESTION: WHAT IN YOUR OPINION IS THE SINGLE BIGGEST PROBLEM FACING IRAQ AS A WHOLE?

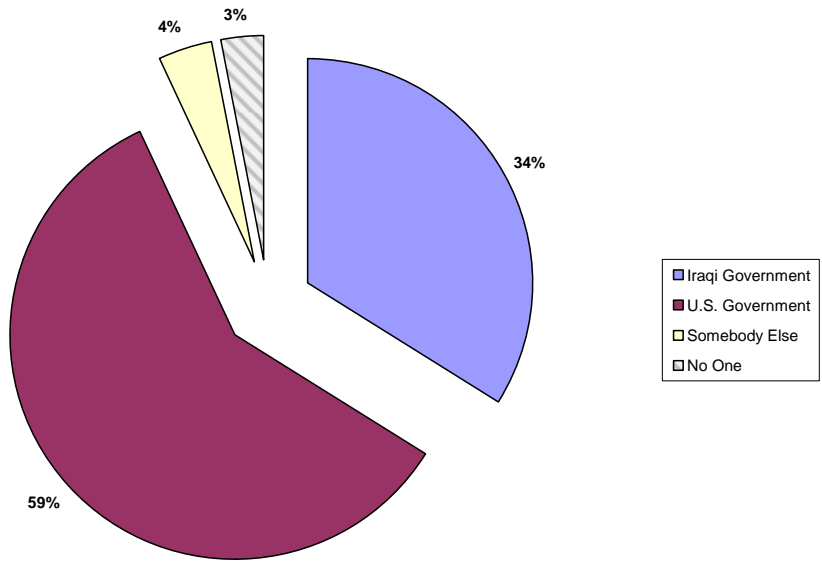


QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU SAY THINGS ARE GOING IN IRAQ OVERALL THESE DAYS?

| | Very Good | Quite Good | Quite Bad | Very Bad |
|----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|
| OVERALL | 4% | 31% | 35% | 31% |
| Detail: | | | | |
| Shia | 4% | 46% | 32% | 18% |
| Sunni | 1% | 4% | 40% | 55% |
| Kurd | 11% | 46% | 30% | 13% |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: For Iraqi public opinion on a similar question covering May 2004-September 2006, refer to the graph at the top of p. 53.

QUESTION: WHO DO YOU THINK CURRENTLY CONTROLS THINGS IN IRAQ?



DETAIL OF RESPONSES TO ABOVE GRAPH

| | Iraqi Government | United States | Someone else | No one |
|---------|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------|
| Shia | 50% | 44% | 3% | 2% |
| Sunni | 7% | 88% | 2% | 3% |
| Kurdish | 49% | 42% | 7% | 2% |

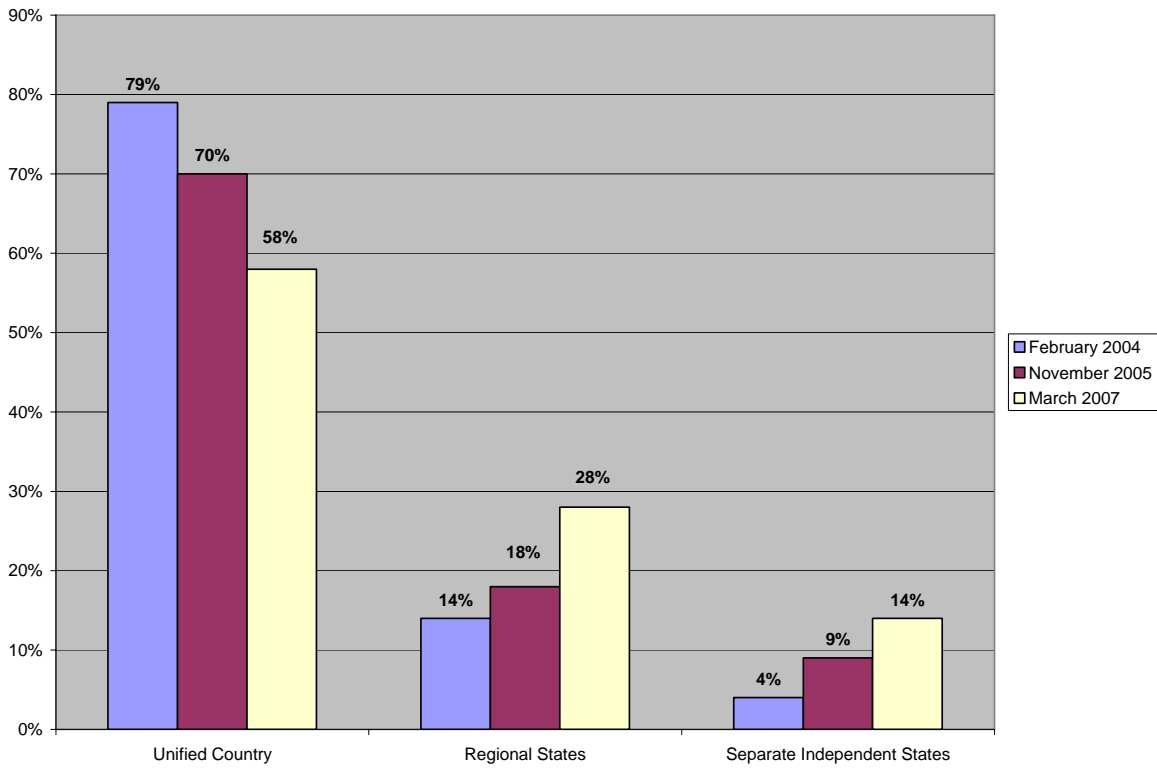
SUPPORT FOR THE PRESENCE OF COALITION FORCES IN IRAQ

| | Strongly/Somewhat Support | Strongly/Somewhat Oppose |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| OVERALL | 22% | 78% |
| DETAIL: | | |
| Shia | 17% | 83% |
| Sunni | 3% | 97% |
| Kurdish | 75% | 25% |
| NOVEMBER 2005 | 32% | 65% |
| FEBRUARY 2004 | 39% | 51% |

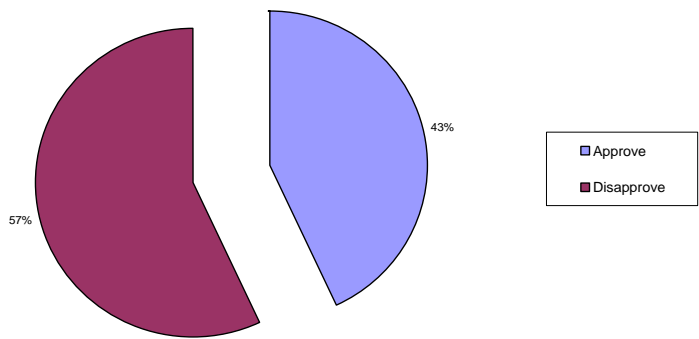
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU THINK YOUR CHILDREN WILL HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN YOU, WORSE, OR ABOUT THE SAME?

| | Better | Worse | Same |
|---------|--------|-------|------|
| OVERALL | 42% | 37% | 21% |
| DETAIL: | | | |
| Shia | 66% | 17% | 17% |
| Sunni | 6% | 71% | 22% |
| Kurd | 50% | 22% | 27% |

QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STRUCTURES DO YOU THINK IRAQ SHOULD HAVE IN THE FUTURE?



QUESTION: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS HANDLING HIS JOB?

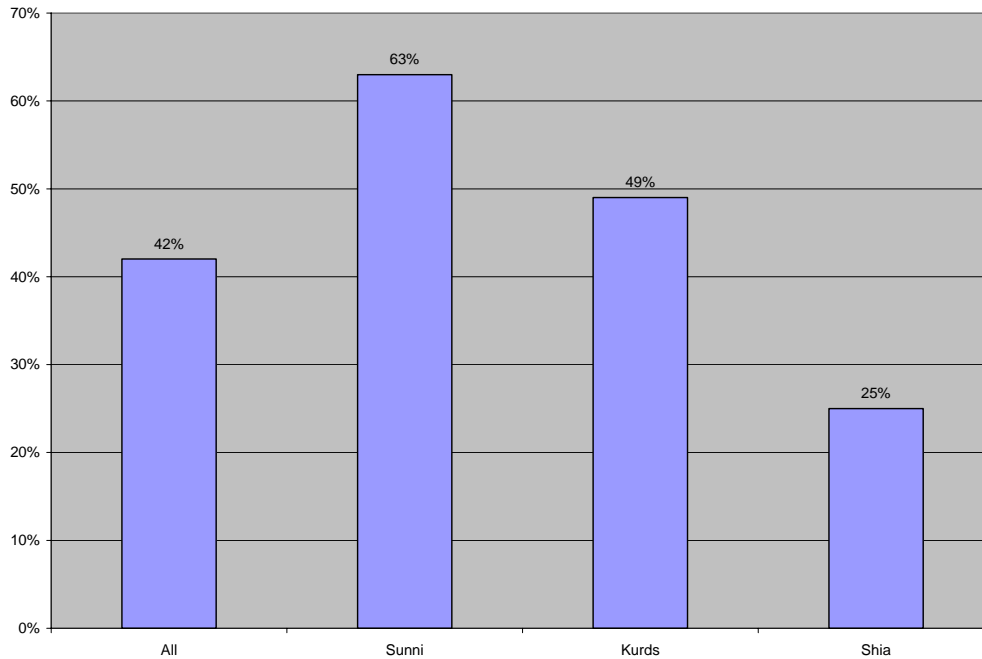


DETAIL OF QUESTION: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS HANDLING HIS JOB?

| | Approve | Disapprove |
|--------------|------------|------------|
| Shia | 67% | 33% |
| Sunni | 3% | 96% |
| Kurd | 60% | 40% |

QUESTION: IS IRAQ IN A CIVIL WAR?

% Responding “Yes”



QUESTION: DO YOU THINK THE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ASSMEBLY ARE WILLING OR NOT WILLING TO MAKE NECESSARY COMPROMISES TO BRING PEACE AND SECURITY TO THE COUNTRY?

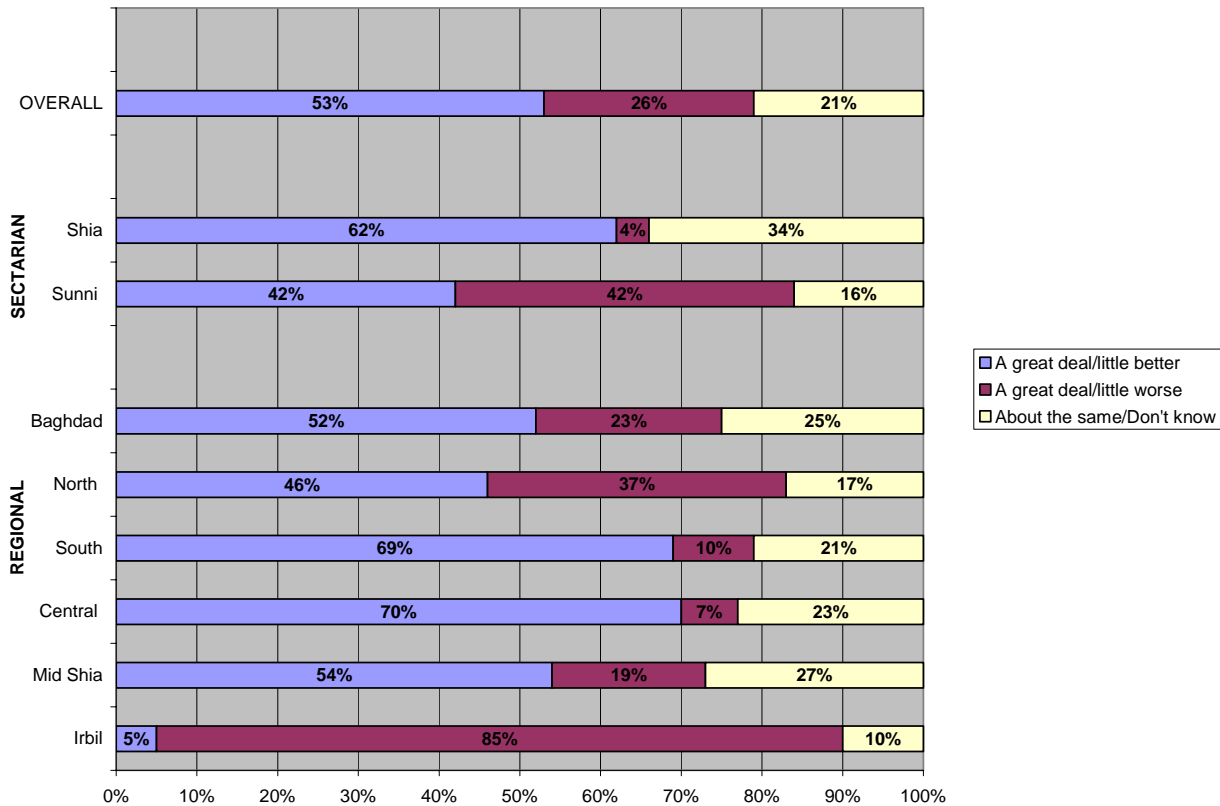
| | Willing | Not Willing |
|----------------|------------|-------------|
| OVERALL | 41% | 58% |
| DETAIL: | | |
| Shia | 57% | 42% |
| Sunni | 9% | 90% |
| Kurd | 61% | 36% |

QUESTION: WHAT IS YOUR EXPECTATION FOR HOW THINGS WILL BE FOR IRAQ A YEAR FROM NOW?

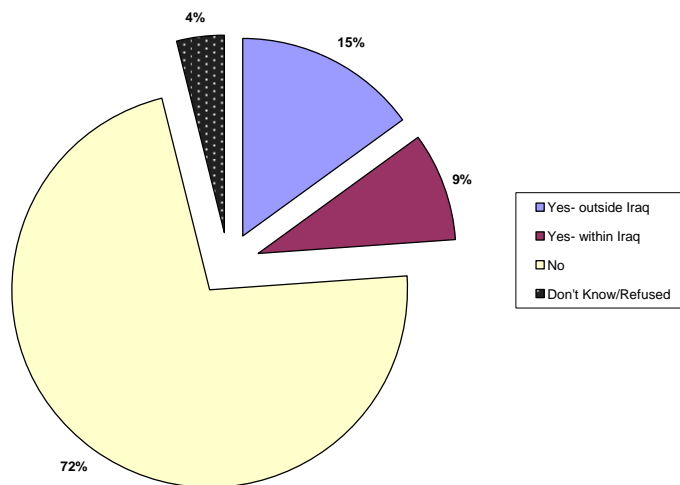
| | Much/Somewhat Better | Much/Somewhat Worse |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| OVERALL | 40% | 34% |
| DETAIL: | | |
| Shia | 61% | 16% |
| Sunni | 5% | 67% |
| Kurdish | 53% | 13% |
| NOVEMBER 2005 | 69% | 11% |

PUBLIC ATTITUDES IN IRAQ: FOUR YEAR ANNIVERSARY OF INVASION¹¹⁹
 Conducted by Opinion Research Business; MARCH 2007

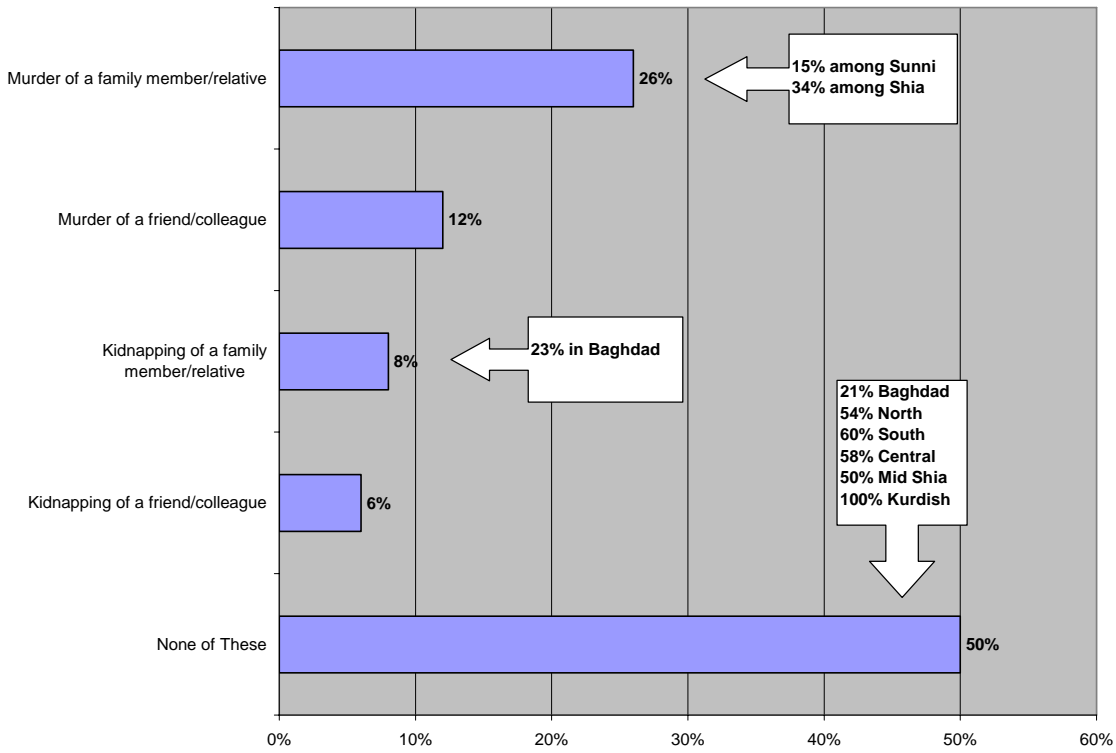
QUESTION: DO YOU BELIEVE THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAQ WILL GET BETTER OR WORSE IN THE IMMEDIATE WEEKS FOLLOWING A WITHDRAWAL OF MULTI-NATIONAL FORCES? (N = 5,019)



QUESTION: DO YOU HAVE MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY THAT HAVE MOVED AWAY FROM THEIR HOME OVER THE PREVIOUS FOUR YEARS AS A RESULT OF THE SECURITY SITUATION? (N = 5,019)

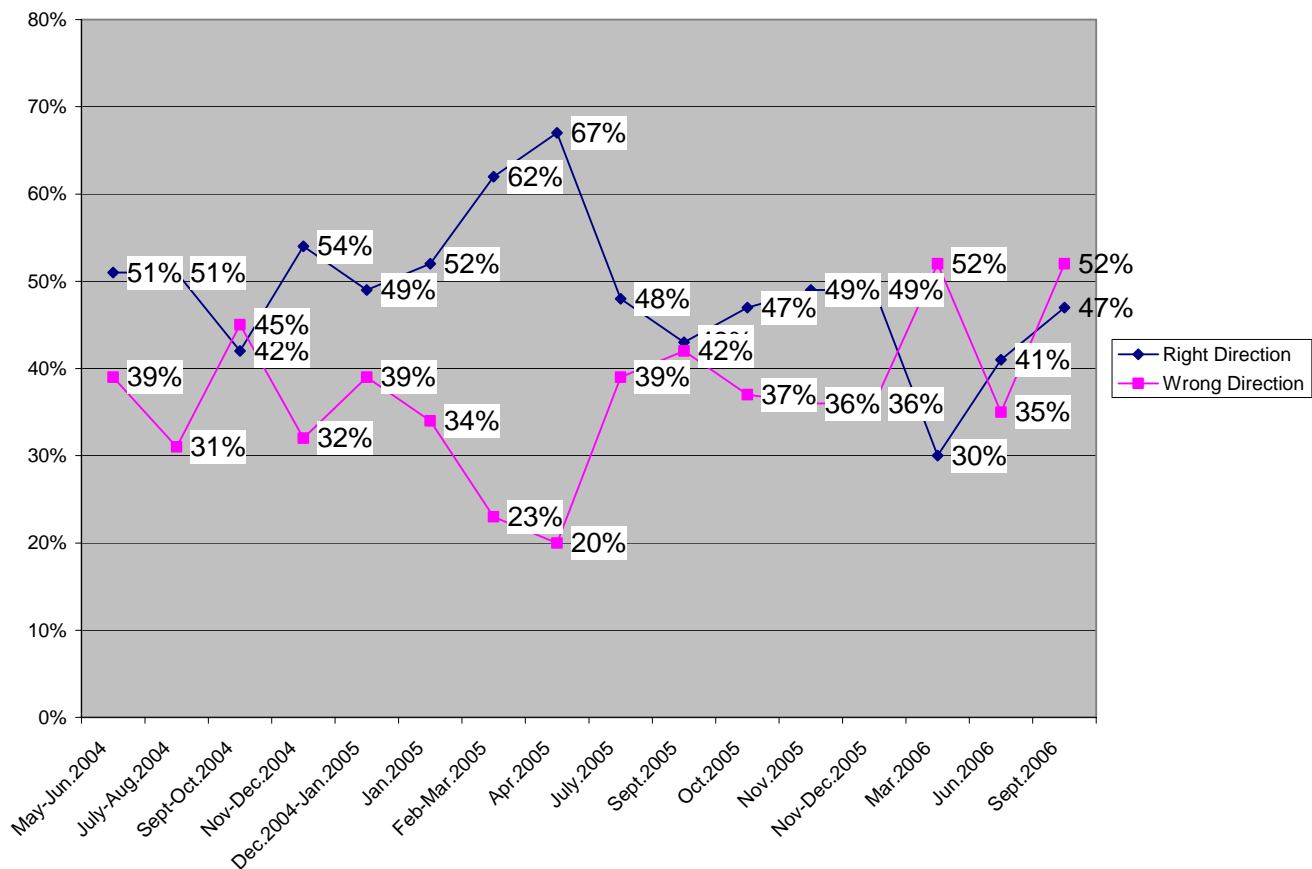


QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING HAVE YOU PERSONALLY EXPERIENCED OR WITNESSED OVER THE PREVIOUS THREE YEARS? (N = 5,019)



**SEPTEMBER 27, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG
PROGRAM ON INTERNATIONAL POLICY ATTITUDES (PIPA)
THE IRAQI PUBLIC ON THE US PRESENCE AND THE FUTURE OF IRAQ¹²⁰**

TRENDS FOR QUESTION: DO YOU THINK IRAQ TODAY IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT OR WRONG DIRECTION? (MAY 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2006)



APPROVAL OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES

| | January 2006 | September 2006 |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Overall | 47% | 61% |
| Shia | 41% | 62% |
| Sunni | 88% | 92% |
| Kurd | 16% | 15% |

QUESTION TO IRAQIS: PLEASE TELL ME HOW MUCH CONFIDENCE YOU HAVE IN THOSE FORCES TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY

| Force | Some / A Lot of Confidence | None / Little Confidence |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Police | 71% | 30% |
| Iraqi Army | 64% | 37% |
| Iraqi Interior Ministry | 62% | 38% |

QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW LIKELY DO YOU THINK IT IS THAT 5 YEARS FROM NOW IRAQ WILL STILL BE A SINGLE STATE?

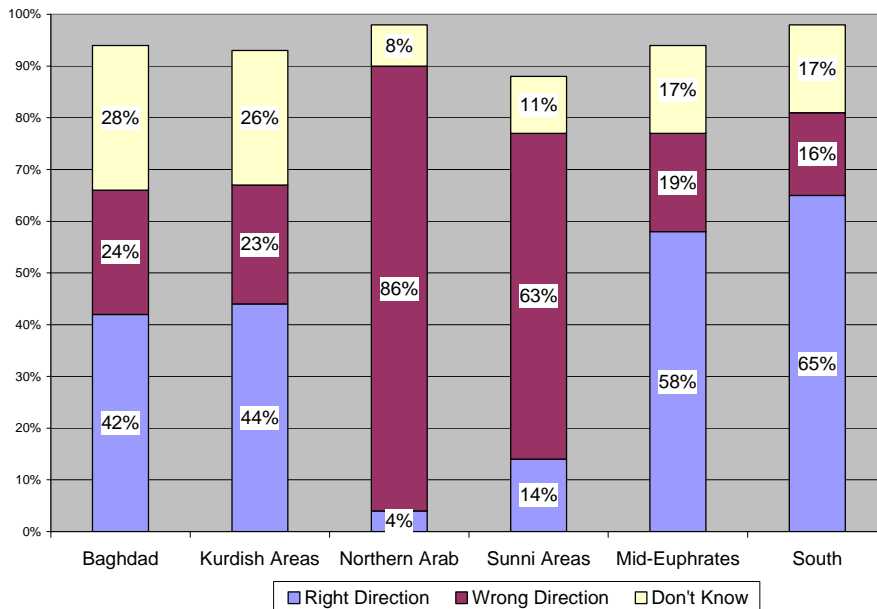
| | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Very / Somewhat Likely | |
| Overall | 72% |
| Shia | 80% |
| Sunni | 56% |
| Kurd | 65% |
| Not Very / Not At All Likely | |
| Overall | 28% |
| Shia | 19% |
| Sunni | 45% |
| Kurd | 25% |

QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WOULD YOU PREFER TO HAVE A STRONG GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD GET RID OF ALL MILITIAS OR DO YOU THINK IT WOULD BE BETTER TO CONTINUE TO HAVE MILITIAS TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY?

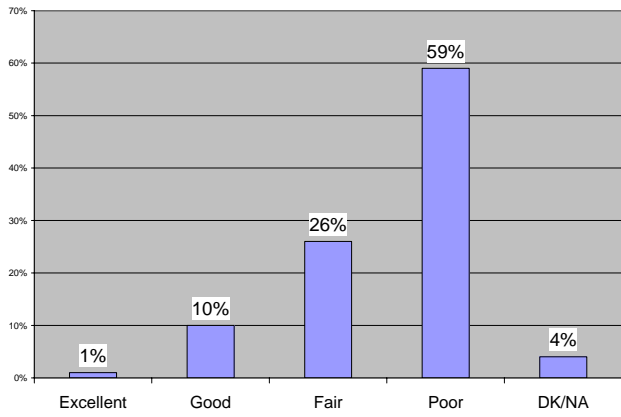
| | |
|---|-------------|
| Strong Government That Would Get Rid of Militias | |
| Overall | 77% |
| Shia | 65% |
| Sunni | 100% |
| Kurd | 82% |
| Continue To Have Militias | |
| Overall | 21% |
| Shia | 33% |
| Sunni | * |
| Kurd | 15% |

JUNE 14-24, 2006: INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE¹²¹

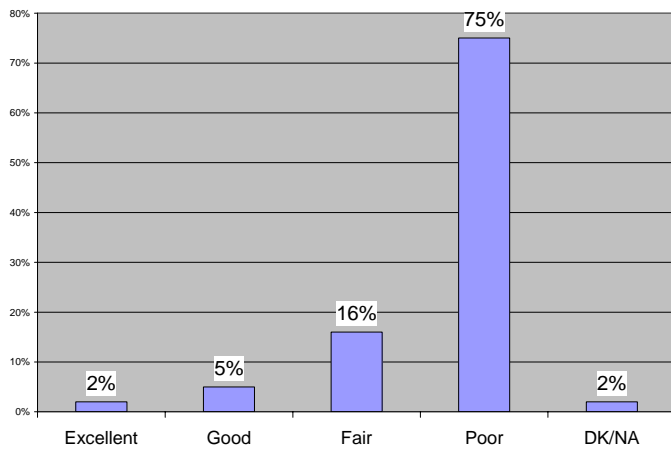
REGIONAL BREAKDOWN FOR QUESTION: DO YOU FEEL THAT IRAQ IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION OR THE WRONG DIRECTION?



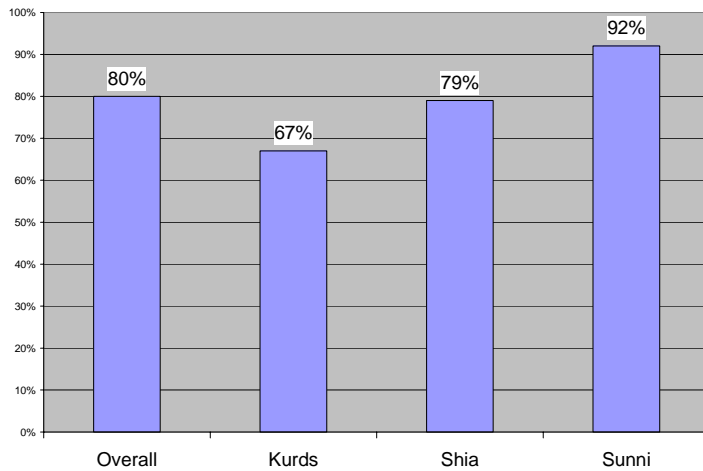
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?



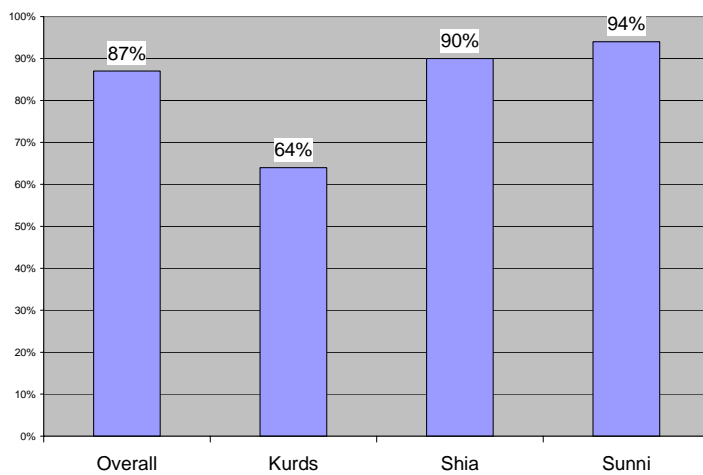
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE SECURITY CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?



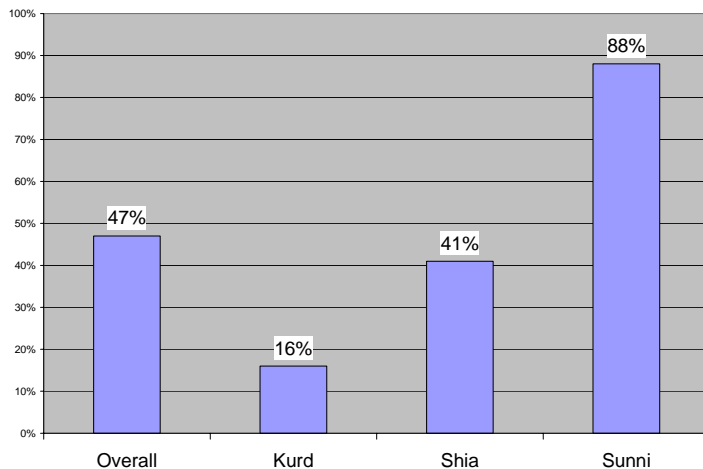
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU THINK THE US GOVERNMENT PLANS TO HAVE PERMANENT MILITARY BASES IN IRAQ OR TO REMOVE ALL ITS MILITARY ONCE IRAQ IS STABILIZED? (cht shows those who feel the US plans permanent bases).



QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE THE GOVERNMENT ENDORSING A TIMELINE FOR US WITHDRAWAL? (chart shows those answering yes).



QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE (STRONGLY OR SOMEWHAT) OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES IN IRAQ? (chart shows those who approve).



- ¹ Tom Vanden Brook, “‘Surge’ Needs Up To 7,000 More Troops”, *USA Today*, March 2, 2007. Gen. David Petraeus, Press Briefing from Baghdad, March 8, 2007. Accessible at: http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=10475&Itemid=131 Peter Baker, “Additional Troop Increase Approved”, *Washington Post*, March 11, 2007. Ann Scott Tyson and Josh White, “Additional Support Troops Join Buildup In Iraq”, *Washington Post*, March 17, 2007.
- ² Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 21, 2007. Accessible at: http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=10125&Itemid=131, Joshua Partlow, “Iraqi Troops, Tribesmen Kill 50 Suspected Insurgents”, *Washington Post*, March 1, 2007. Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press briefing from Iraq, April 4, 2007. Adm. Mark Fox, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 2, 2007. U.S. Secretary of Defense Robert Gates, Ambassador Ryan Crocker and General David Petraeus, Press Briefing from Iraq, June 18, 2007.
- ³ Alissa J. Rubin and Edward Wong, “Patterns Of War Shift Amid U.S. Force Buildup”, *New York Times*, April 9, 2007.
- ⁴ David M. Satterfield, Coordinator for Iraq, U.S. Department of State, Testimony before the Senate Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs Committee, March 22, 2007. Jim Garamone, “Reconstruction Teams Help Accelerate Progress in Iraq”, *US Fed News*, April 20, 2007. Yochi J. Dreazen, “New Rebuilding Plan In Iraq Ignites Debate About Tactics”, *Wall Street Journal*, April 19, 2007.
- ⁵ Gen. Raymond Odierno, “The Situation Room” program, *CNN*, February 28, 2007. Gerry J. Gilmore, “Baghdad security efforts seem to yield results”, *Armed Forces Press Service*, March 8, 2007. Gen. David Petraeus, Press Briefing from Baghdad, March 8, 2007.
- ⁶ Gen. Ray Odierno, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 31, 2007. Available at: <http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx?transcriptid=3973>
- ⁷ Alexandra Zavis, “Iraqi Insurgents Unleash Deadly Bombings, Attacks Despite U.S. Offensive,” *Associated Press*, May 11, 2005. Paul Garwood, “Surge in U.S. Troop Deaths Raises Concerns That Insurgents Retargeting,” *Associated Press*, May 24, 2005. Carol Williams, “Soldiers Get Extra Layer of Defense; Humvee crews are still not out of danger, but new protective plating provides a little more security on the hostile roadways of Iraq,” *Los Angeles Times*, July 29, 2005. Richard Opiel Jr., Eric Schmitt, and Thom Shanker, “Baghdad Bombings Raise New Questions About US Strategy in Iraq,” *New York Times*, September 17, 2005. 65 to 75 attacks per day. Bradley Graham, “Zarqawi ‘Hijacked’ Insurgency; US General Says Foreign Fighters Now Seen as Main Threat,” *Washington Post*, September 28, 2005. 90 attacks per day. Edward Wong and Dexter Filkins, “Baghdad Quite As Vote Begins on Constitution,” *New York Times*, October 15, 2005. 723 attacks in first week of October. November number is author’s estimate based on Wolf Blitzer interview of US Ambassador in Baghdad, Zalmay Khalilzad, “Insurgents Waging Propaganda War in Iraq; Four Christian Activists Being Held Hostage in Iraq; Fraud Scheme; Schwarzenegger Mulls Clemency for Williams; Australian to be Hanged in Singapore; The US is Attempting to Free Hostages in Iraq; Scaffolding Slams into Building,” *CNN, The Situation Room* December 1, 2005. Richard Opiel Jr., “Monitor Group Says Team Will Review Voting Results,” *New York Times*, December 30, 2005. January through April 2006 numbers are author’s estimates. May 2006 estimate based on Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq May 2006. Report to Congress in Accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2006 (Section 9010), p. 32-34. June–July 2006 numbers are author’s estimates based on GAO-06-1094T: Stabilizing Iraq: An Assessment of the Security Situation, General Accounting Office, September 11, 2006, page 6. Walter Pincus, “Violence in Iraq Called Increasingly Complex,” *Washington Post*, November 17, 2006 and Lt. Gen. Michael D. Maples, *The Current Situation in Iraq and Afghanistan*, Statement for the Record, Senate Armed Services Committee, 15 November 2006 provided numbers for May, September and October 2006. August 2006 is author’s estimate. GAO-07-677, “Rebuilding Iraqi: Integrated Strategic Plan Needed to Help Restore Iraq’s Oil and Electricity Sectors”, General Accounting Office, May 2007, page 33.
- ⁸ GAO-07-677, “Rebuilding Iraqi: Integrated Strategic Plan Needed to Help Restore Iraq’s Oil and Electricity Sectors”, General Accounting Office, May 2007, page 34.
- ⁹ Monthly figures from January 2005 and onwards from Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, (www.icasualties.org/oif/IraqiDeaths.aspx).
- ¹⁰ Richard Mauer, “Iraq Tally: Bombs Up, Fewer Dead”, *Miami Herald*, March 1, 2007. Rear Adm. Mark Fox, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 28, 2007. Accessible at: http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=10271&Itemid=131
- ¹¹ Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 14 and February 21, 2007. Richard Mauer, “Iraq Tally: Bombs Up, Fewer Dead”, *Miami Herald*, March 1, 2007. Jay Deshmukh, “Shiites mourn slaying of pilgrims in Baghdad”, *Agence France Presse*, March 12, 2007. Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, March 14, 2007. Rear Admiral Mark Fox, Press Conference from Iraq, April 1, 2007. Gen. Raymond Odierno, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 31, 2007. Available at: <http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx?transcriptid=3973> Jim Michaels, “Under New Baghdad Plan, U.S. Is A Careful Referee”, *USA Today*, June 27, 2007.
- ¹² Abbas al-Anni, “71 killed in Iraq attacks”, *Agence France Presse*, February 1, 2007. 3 killed and 7 wounded by car bomb. James Glanz, “Iraq Suicide Bombers Kill 60 and Wound 150 in Market in Southern City”, *New York Times*, February 2, 2007. 60 killed and 150 injured by 2 suicide bombs. Assad Abboud, “130 killed in second deadliest attack since Iraqi invasion”, *Agence France Presse*, February 3, 2007. 130 killed and 305 wounded by suicide truck bomb. Jay Deshmukh, “37 killed in Baghdad bombings”, *Agence France Presse*, February 4, 2007. 8 killed and 11 wounded by car bomb and roadside bomb. Ahmad al-Rubaye, “At least 47 dead as tanks, troops deploy in Baghdad”, *Agence France Presse*, February 5, 2007. 10 killed and 60 wounded by suicide car bomb. 4 killed and 14 injured by car bomb. “17 die in Iraq violence”, *Agence France Presse*, February 6, 2007. 3 killed and 15 wounded by car bomb. “Seven die in Iraq attacks”, *Agence France Presse*, February 8, 2007. 13 killed and 22 wounded by one car bomb and 2 bombs. Sameer N. Yacoub, “Four Marines Killed; Iraq Official Held”, *Associated Press Online*, February 8, 2007. 20 killed and 45 wounded by car bomb. “Suicide truck bomber kills 30 in Iraq”, *Associated Press*, February 11, 2007. 30 killed and 50 injured by suicide truck bomb. “Seven dead in attack on Baghdad Shiite district”, *Agence France Presse*, February 15, 2007. 7 killed and 21 injured by car bomb. Robert H. Reid, “Bomb blasts kill 11 in northern Iraq; U.S. aircraft strike insurgents in Ramadi”, *Associated Press*, February 17, 2007. 11 killed and 65 wounded by 2 car bombs, one of which was a suicide. Brian Murphy, “Car bombs in Baghdad kill 63 in deadliest strikes against security crackdown”, *Associated Press Worldstream*, February 18, 2007. 62 killed and 129 injured by 2 car bombs. Salam Faraj, “Insurgents slaughter 40 Iraqis in day of bombs”, *Agence France Presse*, February 19, 2007. 22 killed and 50 injured by one roadside bomb and 3 suicide car bombs. “Nine more U.S. troops die in Iraq”, *Agence France Presse*, February 19, 2007. 3 killed and 2 injured by roadside bomb. Bushra Juhi, “String of Bombs Kill 15 in Baghdad”, *Associated Press Online*, February 19, 2007. 9 killed by one suicide bomb and one car bomb. “Mourners among 21 dead in Iraq attacks”, *Agence France Presse*, February 20, 2007. 15 killed and 51 injured by one suicide bomb and 2 car bombs. Hassan Abdul Zahra, “Car bomb hits holy city as Iraq war rages on”, *Agence France Presse*, February 21, 2007. 16 killed and 40 wounded by suicide car bomb and car bomb. Brian Murphy, “9 Killed When Gas Tanker Bombed in Iraq”, *Associated Press Online*, February 21, 2007. 9 killed and 150 injured by suicide car bomb. Salam Faraj, “At least 35 killed in Iraq mosque attack”, *Agence France Presse*, February 24, 2007. 35 killed and 64 wounded by suicide car bomb. “Suicide car bomber strikes near headquarters of major Shiite political bloc, killing five people and wounding seven”, *Associated Press Worldstream*, February 24, 2007. 5 killed and 7 injured by suicide car bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, “Suicide attacker strikes outside Baghdad college; at least 41 killed”, *Associated Press*, February 25, 2007. 41 killed and 46 injured by suicide bomber. “Eight killed in Iraq attacks”, *Agence France Presse*, February 26, 2007. 3 killed and 2 injured by bomb. Qassim Abdul-Zahra, “Iraqi vice president escapes bomb blast; 10 killed”, *Associated Press*, February 26, 2007. 10 killed and 18 wounded by bomb. 14 killed and 10 wounded by suicide vehicle bomb. “Bombs kills four U.S. soldiers near Baghdad”, *Agence France Presse*, February 27, 2007. 3 killed and 1 injured by roadside bomb. “Iraq bombings kill 22”, *Agence France Presse*, February 27, 2007. 6 killed and 25 injured by suicide car bomb. 5 killed and 9 wounded by car bomb. 5 killed by roadside bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, “Pinpoint raids move into sensitive Shiite stronghold of Sadr City in Baghdad”, *Associated Press*, February 27, 2007. 3 killed and 13 killed by bomb. 5 killed and 13 injured by suicide car bomb. 4 killed by suicide bomb. 6 killed and 38 injured by suicide car bomb. 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*The data for November for the average hours of electricity per day is updated in our source, representing the entire month. The numbers for average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours represents data through the 21st of November only. The data for December 2005 and thereafter for the average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours is estimated based on the graph relating to electricity in the Iraq Weekly Status Report, *Department of State*.

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